The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XII. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 30, 1901. NO. 45

LOCAL NOTES.

—Mrs. Kate Robison, of Altoona, is visiting her parents in this place.

—William Reed & Sons tell of a great muslin and linen sale in this issue. Read what they say.

—James S. Gillam, of Tyrone. was a Sunday visitor among his numerous Mapleton friends.

—For sale at a bargain, 4 year-old Clydesdale mare. B. O'Connor & Sons, Mapleton Depot, Pa.

—Mrs. George F. Godard, of Huntingdon, was the guest of friends in Mapleton on Sunday.

—Mrs. A. W. Brenneman, of Huntingdon, was the guest of Jacob H. Miller's family last week.

—Edward Bailey yesterday moved from Hare's valley to M. P. Truax's house on Ridge street.

—For men's dress suits, shoes, hats shirts, etc., it will pay to go to W. G. Ewing's, Mt. Union, Pa.

—S. S. Taylor has returned to Mapleton from McKees Rocks and expects to remain here some time.

—Mrs. Ellen Fisher, of Bolivar, was circulating among her numerous Mapleton friends the past week.

—Mrs. G. F. DeForrest and Miss Kate Hollinshead, of Smithfield, spent Sunday with friends in Mapleton.

—Next Saturday will be Candlemas, or ground hog day, at which time the weather question will be settled for the ensuing six weeks.

—At W. G. Ewing's, Mt. Union, you can get dress plaids as low as 5 cents per yard and all wool 36 inch dress goods at 25 cents per yard.

—John Weimer, of Osceola Mills, spent a couple days last week with Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Miller. He was on his way home from a visit to Steelton and Harrisburg.

—Joseph Irvin, aged 21 years, serving ten months' term in the Huntingdon jail for larceny, died of consumption in that institution last Friday morning. His home was in Lancaster.

—Cearge M. Dell, a well known resident of Union township, died at four o'clock this morning of heart failure. Further particulars of the deceased will appear in these columns next week.

—W. G. Ewing, Mount Union, carries a big line of ladies' dress goods, muslin sheetings, table linens, sheetings, ginghams, plaids. etc., and it will pay to see his goods before purchasing.

—George F. Kolley, a patrolman of Altoona, was shot by W. T. Dunn, a restaurant keeper, shortly after midnight Saturday night. Six shots were fired only one of which took effect. The men were friends but Dunn was crazed by la grippe and drink. Kolley will recover.

—A seven-inch snow fell in this section last Thursday night since which time fairly good sledding has been enjoyed. This morning snow began falling and the weather indications are that there will be a bountiful supply before it ceases. This is the first taste of winter we have had for more than a year.

—Edward L. Smith, a yard brakeman, of Altoona, a native of Mifflin county, shot himself last Sunday from the effects of which he died Monday forenoon. Deceased feared he would die of consumption, a family complaint, and started up stairs with the remark that he "would settle it." He was aged 34 years and leaves a wife and three children.

—Enos M. Jones, aged 89 years and 8 days, died at his home in Altoona last Sunday afternoon. Deceased was a native of Chester county. In 1838 he moved to Huntingdon county, where, March 5, 1840, he married Mary A. Renner. In 1840 he became manager of the Petersburg forge, an industry owned by Peter Shoenberger, a prominent ironmaster of that period. Mr. Jones moved to Altoona in 1851 and built the house in which he resided the remainder of his life. His wife died in 1890 and his son, Miles R., February 26, 1899. A brother and sister reside in Chester county.

—Rev. and Mrs. Treverton arrived home from Carlisle last evening after an absence of three months. The reverend gentleman's condition has not improved. He is at present under the treatment of a New York specialist and it is to be hoped the malady with which he is afflicted will yield to the treatment. Their many friends cordially welcomed them home.

—J. W. Ritchie, of Harrisburg, was in town on Monday in the interests of the Huntingdon and Clearfield Telephone company. This company was chartered last November and is taking the preliminary steps for covering this section with a complete telephone system. This company is one of a number of companies whose object is to build local systems, then consolidate and thus give their patrons all the benefits of a local and long distance service. Their rates are very low, being about one-half of those of the Bell company in this section. Work is being rapidly pushed forward and the line will be in operation within six months. A borough ordinance was passed Monday evening giving the new company the right to build a line through this borough.

Marriage Licenses.

Esco W. Weston, Pitcairn, Pa., and Bessie Jane Pearce, Rockhill Furnace.

Marshall S. Hamer and Gertrude M. Eyer, both of Warriorsmark township.

James H. McCafferty and Minnie May Stevens, both of Petersburg.

John Clendening, Fannettsburg, Franklin county, and Annie Reed, Neelyton.

Calvin S. Woomer and Ellen A. J. Johnson, both of Dudley.

Railroad Contracts Awarded.

William H. Brown, chief engineer of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, on Monday awarded the following contracts:

To Thomas F. Kerns & Son, of Pottsville, the contract for additional tracks between Juniata Bridge and Aqueduct station, on the Middle division, requiring about 100,000 cubic yards of embankment and 8000 cubic yards of rip-rap.

To P. F. Brendlinger, of Narbeth, the contract for changing the line and laying additional tracks in Lewistown Narrows, on Middle division, first section, embracing 210,000 cubic yards of excavation.

To P. McManus, of Philadelphia, the contract for the second section of the same tracks, requiring about 250,000 cubic yards of excavation, and 15,000 cubic yards of rip-rap.

To C. A. Sims, of Philadelphia, for additional tracks between Mount Union and Mill Creek, on Middle division, requiring about 600,000 cubic yards embankment, 15,000 arch bridge masonry, and 2000 cubic yards of rubble masonry.

To Keller & Crosson, of Lancaster, the contract for additional tracks between Spruce Creek and Union Furnace, on Middle division, requiring about 52,000 cubic yards excavation, 2000 rip-rap, and 900 of bridge masonry.

To Booth & Flynn, of Pittsburg, the contract for the first section of four-track roadbed between Larimer and Stewart, on Pittsburg division, amounting to 170,000 cubic yards excavation, and 1600 of bridge masonry.

To F. M. Clement & Co., of Philadelphia, the contract for the second section of this work, 120,000 cubic yards excavation, and 3500 of bridge masonry.

The people in this section are mostly interested in the fourth of the above contracts. The engineers and contractor both expect to open offices at this point in a short time. The equipment will be moved on the ground without delay and the work will be under way in a very short time. It means a very busy season for Mapleton and a heavy demand for labor. It is estimated that seven months will be required for the completion of this work.

Such little pills as DeWitt's Little Early Risers are very easily taken, and they are wonderfully effective in cleansing the liver and bowels. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

Mrs. Edward McMullin.

Mrs. Jane Ellen McMullin, wife of Edward McMullin, died at her home in this place at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon, January 24, 1901. Deceased, whose maiden name was Hartzell, was a native of Franklin county where she was born October 1, 1849. She was aged 51 years, 3 months and 24 days. She was married to Mr. McMullin April 8, 1873, at Orbisonia, and they commenced housekeeping at that place. To them were born four sons and one daughter. Three of the sons died in infancy. The remaining son, William, is married and resides in Mapleton. The daughter is at home with her father. The family moved to Mapleton, February 28, 1893, since which time they have resided here. About three years ago Mrs. McMullin became afflicted with internal trouble since which time she has suffered terribly and death to her was no doubt a relief. A short time ago she was received into the United Brethren church. Besides her husband and two children, she is survived by four sisters. They are Mrs. Francis Hooper, of Mt. Union, Mrs. Welch, of Shade Gap, Mrs. Allen, of near Philadelphia, and Mrs. Benedict, of Ohio. The remains were interred in Mountain View cemetery last Saturday afternoon, services conducted by Rev. L. M. Brady, of Mount Union, being held in the U. B. church.

Speaking of Newspapers.

With a news gathering service sweeping the world down to the last second, and with an editorial page the product of judgment, ability, force, discrimination and real humor, The Pittsburg Times is conspicuous as a daily newspaper that is good reading always. It is safe to assert that there are more clippings of news events worth preserving and of general information made from The Times than from any other paper published in Pittsburg. Like a good home, it is tidy, clean, comfortable, and with everything of the best one finds within its pages information, instruction, comfort and pleasure as he may desire. That it conducts no type founder's vaudeville of freak headlines makes it the pride of the printer's craft. It is not above republishing from the humble country papers and whatever it uses it invariably gives full credit. "The Wooden Indian," quaint in his philosophy, has tomahawked to death many a tired, unhappy feeling. The serial story, of the best, is told in installments neither too close together nor too far apart. The editorials are written with sincerity, directness of expression, and reliability of information that make the page the daily text book of many a person in life's school of facts. Giving other people the right of individual opinion it is never a scold nor a nagger. The Times, first and above all, is reliable. Its telegraphic service covers civilization. Its local news is crisp and honest. Its financial and market reports are accurate. The sporting world is covered in an attractive way. The social field is carefully and intelligently cultivated. Six cents a week.

CALIFORNIA.

Thirty-five Days' Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged for a special personally-conducted tour through California, to leave New York and Philadelphia on February 14, by the "Golden Gate Special," composed exclusively of Pullman parlor-smoking, dining, drawing-room, sleeping compartment, and observation cars, returning by March 20. This special train will be run over the entire route. The best hotels will be used where extended stops are made, but the train will be at the constant command of the party.

Round-trip tickets, covering all necessary expenses, $450 from all points on Pennsylvania Railroad except Pittsburg, from which point the rate will be $445.

For further information apply to ticket agents; Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York; 4 Court Street, Brooklyn; 789 Broad Street. Newark, N. J.; B. Courlaender, Jr., Passenger Agent Baltimore District, Baltimore, Md.; Colin Studds, Passenger Agent Southeastern District, Washington, D. C.; Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, Pittsburg, Pa.; or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia. 1-16-01-2t

P. O. S. of A. News.

Following is a list of the officers installed in the various Camps of the P. O. S. of A., of Huntingdon county, to January 29, 1901:

Camp No. 346, Mount Union—President, B. F. Marlin; vice president, W. E. Weller; Rec. Sec., R. Sechler; F. Sec., G. W. Lukens; M. of F., Herman Norris; Treas., D. E. Shaver; conductor, Walter Jenkens; inspector, G. R. Smawley; guard, L. S. Norris; Asst. Rec. Sec., Jos. E. Gillam; chaplain, J. W. Longacre; right sentinel, C. Jenkens; left sentinel, I. B. Davis; trustee, Jos. Gillam.

Camp No. 59, Mapleton—President, S. L. Henderson; vice president, C. F. Banks; M. of F., Ellis Baker; Rec. Sec., R. H. Brumbaugh; F. S., C. H. Hooper; Treas., John A. Toomey; conductor, Albert Arnold; inspector, Howard Baker; guard, George Hughes; chaplain, J. M. Baker; Asst. Rec. Sec., C. W. Swope; right sentinel, John Skipper; left sentinel, John Wakefield; trustee, I. N. Swope.

Camp No. 662, Latta Grove—President, J. H. Dell; vice president, A. B. Dell; M. of F., J. F. Dell; Rec. Sec., G. D. Lynn; F. S., J. Frank Wright; Treas., M. Stever; conductor, M. E. Dell; inspector, Levi Wright; guard, F. W. Stever; Asst. Rec. Sec., R. M. Chilcote; chaplain, G. W. Taylor; right sentinel, Jesse Dell; left sentinel, M. F. Chilcote; trustee, J. H. Dell.

Camp No. 512, Three Springs—President, E. S. Heeter; vice president, Clay Park; M. of F., D. W. Doyle; Rec. Sec., B. T. Bence; Treas., D. Swartz; F. S., Sebt. Cromwell; conductor, Harry Montgomery; inspector, Allen Cutshall; guard, E. B. Stevens; Asst. Sec., W. Forsythe; chaplain, P. B. Cutshall; right sentinel, H. L. Norris; left sentinel, A. Hockenberry; trustee, T. A. Weight.

The officers of Huntingdon Camp will be announced next week.

In speaking of the Camps I would say they are all in a prosperous condition. They have nearly all been adding new members and some Camps quite a good many recently. Latta Grove Camp, in my judgment, is the banner Camp of the county. While it is not so large in membership nor so strong financially, yet they own their own camp hall, and a cozy one it is,—a credit to that valley—with a surplus in the treasury. All the people within a reasonable distance belong to that Camp except three and they soon expect to get them. That Camp was instituted August 17, 1892. It has one member, M. Stever, who was elected treasurer on the night the Camp was instituted and has served in that capacity ever since. He has never missed attending any regular or special meetings nor failed to serve on any committee on which he was appointed. Can this record be beaten in Huntingdon county?

Three Springs Camp held a public installation of their officers, a large attendance being present. Warren B. Simpson, Esq., of Huntingdon, was the speaker of the evening. Mr. Simpson, who is a forcible speaker, dwelt on the past and the future citizenship. He showed how good citizenship could be inculcated by being banded together in organizations founded on good principles. We also had very interesting talks from Prof. Watson, of McConnellstown, and P. B. Cutshall and other members of the Camp.

Music was furnished by the Saltillo orchestra, the entire orchestra acquitting themselves most creditably. Judging from the large audience and the good order that prevailed, everybody was well pleased.

D. M. BEALMAN,
District President.

When threatened by pneumonia or any other lung trouble, prompt relief is necessary, as it is dangerous to delay. We would suggest that One Minute Cough Cure be taken as soon as indications of having taken cold are noticed. It cures quickly and its early use prevents consumption. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

A Wonderful Piece of Clockwork.

At the Paris Exposition there was exhibited a wonderful piece of clockwork in the form of a small house constructed of copper and bronze. It was the work of I. M. Goldfadoff, a Russian clockmaker. The facade, which was 5 feet in length and 3 feet 6 inches in height, represented a Russian railway station, with its telegraph office, station agent's office, ticket office, and even a buffet. Opposite the station there was a garden, with fountains, trees and flowers, and, surrounding the garden, a railway, with gates, semaphores, lubricator's box, water tank, etc.

In the cupola that surmounted the station was housed the clockwork mechanism. This, in the first place, controlled several dials that indicated the time at various points of the globe, the season, the month, the day, and the phases of the moon, and, in the second, a system of pulleys and wheels that gave life to the station once a day. When noon sounded, a lever was set in operation and the telegraphers, who were bustling around their office, received the announcement of the arrival of a train. A guard rang a bell, a whistle was heard, and the train entered the station. It stopped at the tank to take on water, while the red sisk of the semaphore gave place to a green one in order to protect it. The station agent came out of his office, on the platform, the lubricator examined the axles of the car wheels, and the passengers, who had come out of the wating room, passed in front of the ticket office. The guard rang the bell three times, and the train, announced at the following station by the telegraphers, got ready to start again. The conductor of the train whistled, the locomotive responded, and the train left the station. There were passengers in the car who seemed to be making their farewells from behind the curtains. After the lubricator had re-entered his box the gates closed and a gendarme upon the platform made a military salute to a portrait of the Czar, which was unmasked by a dial; while, at the same time, an invisible orchestra played the Russian national hymn. Finally, the station agent re-entered his office, and all this little world relapsed into quiet.

Executive Clerk Pruden's Handwriting.

From the Washington Post.

Every day or two Executive Clerk Pruden appears in the Senate or the House with the announcement that he is the bearer of a message in writing from the President of the United States. The writing is the work of Mr. Pruden himself. Connected with that handwriting is an interesting story.

Away back in war time, Mr. Pruden was a soldier, stationed in Washington, and doing duty as an orderly at the door of the Judge Advocate-General. In moments of idleness he amused himself with drawing pictures and pen scrolls, and particularly with copying letters in large, round hand, equal to engrossing, very legible, and very handsome. One day an army officer found him engaged in this work.

"You haven't any business here," said the officer. "Why don't you get a clerical position?"

"I haven't any influence to get a clerkship," was the soldier's reply.

The officer proved to be Gen. Babcock. He went over to the War Department, arranged for Mr. Pruden's appointment, and in a little while the soldier was giving the Government the benefit of his talent for penmanship. When Gen. Babcock went over to the White House with Gen. Grant, he took Mr. Pruden along with him, and there Pruden has remained to the present day. He has never lost the art of handling his pen with artistic skill, and the invitations to dinners and receptions which issue from the White House are his handiwork. When he prepares a written message for Congress each word is as beautifully executed as a bit of copperplate engraving.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: With Silken Cords—So Should the Fishers of Men Mend Their Nets — Christians Warned Against Harsh Criticism—Gospel Strife Deplored.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage describes the gospel net and how it is to be repaired after being damaged; text, Matthew iv, 21, "James, the son of Zebedee, and John, his brother, in a ship with Zebedee, their father, mending their nets."

"I go a-fishing!" cried Simon Peter to his comrades, and the most of the apostles had hands hard from fishing tackle. The fisheries of the world have always attracted attention. In the third century the Queen of Egypt had for pin money $470,000 received from the fisheries of Lake Moeris. And, if the time should ever come when the immensity of the world's population could not be fed by the vegetables and meats of the land, the sea has an amount of animal life that would feed all the populations of the earth and fatten them with a food that by its phosphorus would make a generation brainy and intellectual beyond anything that the world has ever imagined. My text takes us among the Gallilean fishermen. One day Walter Scott, while hunting in an old drawer, found among some old fishing tackle the manuscript of his immortal book, "Waverley," which he had put away there as of no worth, and who knows but that to-day we may find some unknown wealth of thought while looking at the fishing tackle in the text.

It is not a good day for fishing, and three men are in the boat repairing the broken fishing nets. If you are fishing with a hook and line, and the fish will not bite, it is a good time to put the angler's apparatus into better condition. Perhaps the last fish you hauled in was so large that something snapped. Or, if you were fishing with a net, there was a mighty floundering of the scales or an exposed nail on the side of the boat which broke some of the threads and let part or all of the captives of the deep escape into their natural element. And hardly anything is more provoking than to nearly land a score or a hundred of trophies from the deep, and when you are in the full glee of hauling in the spotted treasures, through some imperfection of the net they splash back into the waves. That is too much of a trial of patience for most fishermen to endure, and many a man ordinarily correct of speech in such circumstances comes to an intensity of utterance unjustifiable. Therefore no good fisherman considers the time wasted that is spent in mending his net. Now, the Bible again and again represents Christian workers as fishers of men, and we are all sweeping through the sea of humanity some kind of net. Indeed there have been enough nets out and enough fishermen busy to have landed the whole human race in the kingdom of God long before this. What is the matter? The gospel is all right, and it has been a good time for catching souls for thousands of years. Why, then, the failures? The trouble is with the nets, and most of them need to be mended. I propose to show you what is the matter with most of the nets and how to mend them. In the text old Zebedee and his two boys, James and John, were doing a good thing when they sat in their boats mending their nets.

The trouble with many of our nets is that the meshes are too large. If a fish can get his gills and half his body through the network, he tears and rends and works his way out, and leaves the place through which he squirmed a tangle of broken threads. In our desire to make everything so easy we relax, we loosen, we widen. We let men after they are once in the gospel net escape into the world, and go into indulgences and swim all around Gallilee, from north side to south side, and from east side to west side, expecting that they will come back again. We ought to make it easy for them to get into the kingdom of God, and, as far as we can, make it impossible for them to get out. The poor advice nowadays to many is: "Go and do just as you did before you were captured for God and heaven. The net was not intended to be any restraint or any hindrance. What you did before you were a Christian do now. Go to all styles of amusement, read all the styles of books, engage in all the styles of behavior as before you were converted." And so, through these meshes of permission and laxity they wriggle out, through this opening and that opening, tearing the net as they go, and soon all the souls that we expected to land in heaven before we know it are back in the deep sea of the world. Oh, when we go a-gospel fishing, let us make it as easy as possible for souls to get in and as hard as possible to get out.

Is the Bible language an unmeaning verbiage when it talks about self denial, and keeping the body under, and about walking the narrow way, and entering the straight gate, and about carrying the cross? Is there to be no way of telling whether a man is a Christian except by his taking the communion chalice on sacramental day? May a man be as reckless about his thoughts, about his words, about his temper, about his amusements, after conversion as before? Alas, the words of Christ are so little heeded when He said, "Whosoever doth not bear his cross and come after Me cannot be My disciple." The church is fast becoming as bad as the world, and when it gets as bad as the world it will be worse than the world by so much, as it will add hypocrisy of a most appalling kind to its other defects.

Furthermore, many of our nets are torn to pieces by being entangled with other nets. It is a sad sight to see fishermen fighting about sea room, and pulling in opposite directions each to get his net, both nets damaged by the struggle and losing all the fish. In this land, where there are more than 70,000,000 people, there are at least 30,000,000 not in the Sunday-schools and churches. In such an Atlantic Ocean of opportunity there is room for all the nets and all the boats and all the fishermen and for millions more. There should be no rivalry between churches. Each one does a work peculiar to itself. But there are cities in this country where there is now going on an awful ripping and rending and tearing of fishing nets. Indeed, all over Christendom at this time there is a great war going on between fishermen, ministers against ministers.

Now, I have noticed a man cannot fish and fight at the same time. He either neglects his net or his musket. It is amazing how much time some of the fishermen have to look after other fishermen. It is more than I can do to take care of my own net. You see the wind is just right, and it is such a good time for fishing, and the fish are coming in so rapidly, that I have to keep my eye and hand busy. There are about 200,000,000 souls wanting to get into the kingdom of God, and it will require all the nets and all the fishermen of Christendom to safely land them. Oh, brethren of the ministry, let us spend our time in fishing instead of fighting. But if I angrily jerk my net across your net, an you jerk your net angrily across mine, we will soon have two broken nets and no fish. The French revolution nearly destroyed the French fisheries, and ecclesiastical war is the worst thing possible while hauling souls into the kingdom. My friends, I notice in the text that James, the son of Zebedee, and John, his brother, were busy not mending somebody else's nets, but mending their own nets, and I rather think that we who are engaged in Christian work in this opening century will require all our spare time to mend our own nets. God help us in the important duty!

In this work of repair we need to put into the nets more threads of common sense. When we can present religion as a great practicality we will catch a hundred souls where we now catch one. Present religion as an intellectuality, and we will fail. Out in the fisheries there are set across the waters what are called gill nets, and the fish put their heads through the meshes and they cannot withdraw them, because they are caught by the gills. But gill nets cannot be of any service in religious work. Men are never caught for the truth by their heads; it is by the heart or not at all. No argument ever saved a man, and no keen analysis ever brought a man into the kingdom of God. Heart work, not head work. Away with your gill nets! Sympathy, helpfulness, consolation, love, are the names of some of the threads that we need to weave in our gospel nets when we are mending them.

Do you know that the world's heart is bursting with trouble, and if you could make that world believe that the religion of Jesus Christ is soothing omnipotence the whole world would surrender to-morrow—yea, would surrender this hour. The day before James A. Garfield was inaugurated as President I was in the cars going from Richmond to Washington. A gentleman seated near to me in the cars knew me, and we were soon in familiar conversation. It was just after a bereavement, and I was speaking to him from an overburdened heart about the sorrow I was suffering. Looking at his cheerful face I said: "I guess you have escaped all trouble. I should judge from your countenance that you have come through free from all misfortune." Then he looked at me with a look I shall never forget and whispered in my ear: "Sir, you know nothing about trouble. My wife has been in an insane asylum for fifteen years." And then he turned and looked out of the window and into the night with a silence I was too overpowered to break. That was another illustration of the fact that no one escapes trouble.

Why, that man seated next to you in church has on his soul a weight compared with which a mountain is a feather. That woman seated next to you in church has a grief the recital of which would make your body, mind and soul shudder.

When you are mending your net for this wide, deep sea of humanity, take out that wire thread of criticism and that horsehair thread of harshness and put in a soft silken thread of Christian sympathy. Yea, when you are mending your nets tear out those old threads of gruffness and weave in a few threads of politeness and geniality. In the house of God let all Christian faces beam with a look that means welcome. Say "Good morning" to the stranger as he enters your pew, and at the close shake hands with him and say, "How did you like the music?" Why, you would be to that man a panel of the door of heaven; you would be to him a note of the doxology that seraphs sing when a new soul enters heaven. I have in other days entered a pew in church and the woman at the other end of the pew looked at me as much as to say, "How dare you? This is my pew and I pay the rent for it!" Well, I crouched in the other corner and made myself as small as possible and felt as though I had been stealing something.

Into all our nets we need to weave all along the edge and all through the centre great, long stout threads of Christian patience. How patient God has been with us! Can we not be patient with our fellows?

These dear brethren of all denominations, afflicted with theological fidgets, had better go to mending nets instead of breaking them. Before they break up the old religions let them go through some great sacrifice for God that will prove them worthy of such a work, taking the advice of Talleyrand to a man who wanted to upset the religion of Jesus Christ and start a new one, when he said, "Go and be crucified and then raise yourself from the grave the third day!"

Those who propose to mend their nets by secular and skeptical books are like a man who has just one week for fishing and six of the days he spends in reading Izaak Walton's "Complete Angler," and Wheatley's "Rod and Line," and Scott's "Fishing in Northern Waters," and Putnam's "Vade Mecum of Fly Fishing for Trout," and then on Saturday morning, his last day out, goes to the river to ply his art; but that day the fish will not bite, and late on Saturday night he goes to his home with empty basket!

Alas! alas! If, when the Saturday night of our life drops on us, it shall be found that we have spent our time in the libraries of worldly philosophy trying to mend our nets, and we have only a few souls to report as brought to God through our instrumentality, while some humble gospel fisherman, his library made up of a Bible and an almanac, shall come home laden with the results, his trophies all the souls within fifteen miles of his log cabin meeting-house.

In the time of the great disturbance in Naples in 1649, Massaniello, a barefooted fishing boy, dropped his fishing rod, and by strange magnetism took command of that city of 600,000 souls. He took off his fishing jacket and put on a robe of gold in the presence of howling mobs. He put his hand on his lips as a signal and they were suent. He waved his hand away from him and they retired to their homes. Armies passed in review before him. He became the nation's idol. The rapid rise and complete supremacy of that young fisherman, Massaniello, have no parallel in all history. But something equal to that and better than that is an everyday occurrence in heaven. God takes some of those who in this world were fishers of men and who toiled very humbly, but because of the way they mended their nets and employed their nets after they were mended, He suddenly hoists them and robes them, and scepters them and crowns them and makes them rulers over many cities, and He marches armies of saved ones before them in review—Massaniellos unhonored on earth, but radiated in heaven. The fisher boy of Naples soon lost his power, but those people of God who have kept their nets mended and rightly swung them shall never lose their exalted place, but shall reign forever and ever and ever. Keep that reward in sight.

A Girl's Idea of Boys.

At a recent public school examination for girls this composition was handed in by a girl of twelve:

"The boy is not an animal, yet they can be heard to a considerable distance. When a boy hollers he opens his big mouth like frogs, but girls hold their toung til they are spoken to, and they answer respectable, and tell just how it was.

"A boy thinks himself clever because he can wade where the water is deep. When the boy grows up he is called a husband, and he stops wading and stays out nights, but the grown-up girl is a widow and keeps house."—New York Journal.

Living by His Books.

An amusing story is told of Robert Buchanon, the author, who, like many another well-known literary man, had a hard struggle at the beginning of his career. He had just published one of his early novels when one day he found himself the possessor of a fine appetite, but without any money in his pocket at the moment to get a meal. He thought of ways and means for some time, and finally hit upon an idea.

He went to the office of his publisher and asked for three copies of his new novel, directing that the cost should be placed to his account. Armed with the fresh, nicely bound volumes, he immediately sought out the nearest second-hand bookseller and disposed of the copies for as much as they would bring.

"I remember I enjoyed that dinner tremendously," he said. "It proved to my entire satisfaction that even the humblest author could live by his books!"

The foreman of the laboratory of a firm of manufacturing chemists in Detroit reports that when he opened a cask of white powder arsenic consigned to his employers recently he found a number of worms which resembled caterpillars, and which seemed to be thriving upon the deadly poison.

An Australian manufacturer, in his search for a cheap raw material for paper-making, has successfully experimented with turf. He claims to produce from the cleaned and bleached turf fibres a remarkably strong and durable paper.

The modern demand for high-power machinery is shown by the fact that in Paris the average horse-power per machine exhibited in 1867 was sixteen; in 1878, sixty-two; in 1889, 170; and in 1900, 973—a most startling increase.

A number of orders for printing presses have been sent to the United States from Mexico recently. And, apropos of this fact, the first printing press of the American Continent was set up in Mexico City.

The Black Watch claims the highest total of killed and wounded among all British battalions during the war in South Africa, while the Second Seaforth Highlanders have the highest number of killed.

Eace package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better too. Sold by all druggists

---

If the world be divided into land and water hemispheres, London is the centre of the land, New Zealand of the water.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

The Parliament building in Wellington, New Zealand, is the largest wooden structure in the world.

There Is No Death

from Croup, Pneumonia and Diphtheria when Hoxsie's Croup Cure is used promptly. No opium. 50 cts. A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

Five hundred motor carriages per year is the average output of a Paris firm for the last five years.

A Colonel in the British South African army says that Adams' Tutti Frutti was a blessing to his men while marching.

Denmark leads the world for thriftiness. Her inhabitants have on an average $50 in the savings banks.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

In Springfield, Mo., a judge has decided that prize whist playing is gambling.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

The amount of German capital invested in China is over $70,000,000.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Cornmeal is the cow feed bought by a great majority of farmers when they are short on the grain ration.

A soldier at Spandau, bent on frightening a sentry, approached him stealthily, creeping on all fours. He jumped up suddenly, and the sentry shot him dead.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

There's many a slip between the china and the hired girl.

A CRY FOR HELP.

Result of a Prompt Reply.—Two Letters from Mrs. Watson, Published by Special Permission.—For Women's Eyes Only.

March 15, 1899.

To MRS. PINKHAM, LYNN, MASS.:

"DEAR MADAM:—I am suffering from inflammation of the ovaries and womb, and have been for eighteen months. I have a continual pain and soreness in my back and side. I am only free from pain when lying down, or sitting in an easy chair. When I stand I suffer with severe pain in my side and back. I believe my troubles were caused by over work and lifting some years ago.

"Life is a drag to me, and I sometimes feel like giving up ever being a well woman; have become careless and unconcerned about everything. I am in bed now. I have had several doctors, but they did me but little good.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been recommended to me by a friend, and I have made up my mind to give it a fair trial.

"I write this letter with the hope of hearing from you in regard to my case."—MRS. S. J. WATSON, Hampton, Va.

November 27, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to acknowledge to you the benefit that your advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound have done for me.

"I had been suffering with female troubles for some time, could walk but a short distance, had terrible bearing down pains in lower part of my bowels, backache, and pain in ovary. I used your medicine for four months and was so much better that I could walk three times the distance that I could before.

"I am to-day in better health than I have been for more than two years, and I know it is all due to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"I recommend your advice and medicine to all women who suffer."—MRS. S. J. WATSON, Hampton, Va.

This is positive proof that Mrs. Pinkham is more competent to advise sick women than any other person. Write her. It costs you nothing.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

The average height of the heavy rain cloud is 1,680 yards; of the delicate, fleecy cirrus, 9,700 yards.

An agricultural settlement near New York City supplies the Celestials of the Eastern states with their diet.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

LIBBY'S PORK AND BEANS

There is one flavor in pork and beans that all people like. It was devised in the rural homes of New England. It has made Boston the synonym of beans.

In our kitchen we get exactly that flavor. Our beans are cooked by an expert. We put them up in key-opening cans. Your grocer will supply you.

Plenty of other canned beans, but that flavor comes only in Libby's.

LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY
Chicago

Send a postal for our booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

"SALZER'S SEEDS WILL MAKE YOU RICH"

This is a daring statement, but Salzer's seeds bear it out every time.

Combination Corn. Greatest corn on earth. Will positively revolutionize corn growing.

Billion Dollar Grass. Greatest marvel of the age. 12 tons of hay per acre. First crop six weeks after sowing

What Is It? Catalogue tells.

FOR 10c. STAMPS and this NOTICE we mail big seed catalog, 10 Grain Samples including above, also Speltz (80 bu. per A.) Oats, (250 bushel per A.) Rape, Barley, (173 bu. per A.) Peanut, etc. Worth $10. to get a start.

John A. Salzer Seed Co. L. Crosse, Wis.

FREY'S VERMIFUGE D. N. Wilt, Sams, Ky., says Frey's Vermifuge is the best worm destroyer I have ever found. Please send me some right away. Mrs. B. C. Synan, Gordonsville, Va.: I find Frey's Vermifuge the very best one I have ever used. I write you direct as I must have this kind and no other. A perfect tonic and health builder. At druggists, country stores or by mail, 25 cts. The children's friend. E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISING IN THIS PAPER PAYS.—NYMU 5

DISCOVERERS of NEW PLACER GOLD district in Alaska want a few good men to help further locate claims and establish town site. Good chance for several carpenters, mechanics, doctor, dentist. Creeks are rich, summer diggings, enormous deposits of copper and coal in vicinity. Prospectus with map (limited number), sixty-five cents. JOHN T. HARRISON, Seattle, Washington.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR FEBRUARY 3.

Subject: Parable of the Ten Virgins," Matt. xxv., 1-13 — Golden Text. Matt. xxv., 13 — Memory Verses, 10-13—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "Then." At the season referred to in the preceding chapter where there are reasons for believing the coming of the Savious is near; but still it is impossible to fix the exact time. "The kingdom of heaven." The gospel kingdom, or the state of things in the visible church, particularly the character, conduct and condition of the subjects of that kingdom. "Ten virgins." Ten as a symbol represents completeness, and the virgins represent the purity of the Christian church. "Took their lamps." Each had a lamp, "which signifies individuality, preparation, independence of others." The lamp signifies the outward profession of religion. "Went forth." The procession accompanying the bride from the house of her father to that of the bridegroom was generally one of more or less pomp. "The bridegroom." The bridegroom means the Lord Jesus Christ, and all who are making preparation for His coming, whether to call men by death or to summon them by His second appearing, may be said to be going forth to meet Him.

2. "Were wise." These left nothing to be attended to at the last moment; they were prudent and fully prepared. "Foolish." Careless, negligent. The visible church of Christ consists of true and false, members spiritually dead and others spiritually alive.

3. "Took their lamps." We must carefully note the contrast: In the case of the foolish the taking of their lamps is everything, but in the case of the wise it is the taking of oil in their vessels. "Took no oil with them." The oil represents the grace, or love of God in the heart. These virgins represent a class of so-called Christians who make profession of religion, but who lack the faith which worketh by love.

4. "Took oil." They carried a vessel with oil to pour into the lamp when necessary. The decisive test was not the lamp, but the oil—the Spirit, the spiritual life, and yet they must have a lamp to hold the oil. Let us be careful not to despise the forms of religion. True Christians unite both external and internal Christianity.

5. "Tarried." The figure is generally modified by the circumstances that the bridegroom comes from afar, as in Judges 14; this would explain the long tarrying of the bridegroom. The Bridegroom far away is Christ, who is come for the marriage feast from "the far country"—the home above. "Slumbered and slept." The time passed by the virgins in sleep represents merely the waiting time, during which time the true Christian is fully prepared for the coming of the heavenly Bridegroom at any hour.

6. "At midnight." The Jewish weddings were generally celebrated in the night, yet they usually began at the rising of the evening star, but in this case there was a more than ordinary delay. This was the most unfit time for the virgins to obtain the oil they needed. "The Bridegroom cometh." Though Christ tarry long, He will come at last; though He seems slow, He is sure. The year of the redeemed is fixed, and it will come. Death and the judgment will come when least expected. "Go ye out to meet Him." Here is a summons. What does this mean? It means, go forth to receive the recompense of your doings. What a fearful thing to be thus summoned to appear before the judge of all the earth!

7. "All—arose." There is something terrible in the security of the foolish, maintained up to the last; they, too, arise and trim their lamps, even though there is nothing but a foul wick; they are not yet aware that their fate is already sealed. "Trimmed." Adorned.

8. "Give us." They now began to realize their serious lack. Those who take up with something short of true grace will certainly find the want of it, sooner or later. "Lamps are going out" (R. V). This shows that their lamps had been lighted. Many who once have had hearts filled with faith and love have allowed a worldly spirit to take possession of them, and now they are entirely backslidden from God; their "lamps" have gone out.

9. "Will not be enough" (R. V). It was impossible to render any assistance. There was a time when they might have helped each other, but that time is now past. "Go ye." They could tell them what to do, but it was now too late. "To them that sell." To God. "For yourselves." They must have oil of their own. Nothing short of personal holiness is sufficient.

10. "While they went to buy." What a dismal thing it is not to discover the emptiness of one's heart of all that is good until it is too late to be saved. God only knows how many are thus deceived. "They that were ready." Those who were prepared; who not only had a profession of godliness, but who possessed true holiness. "To the marriage feast" (R. V). To be eternally glorified; to be in His immediate presence. "The door was shut." There comes a period after which change is impossible. 1. In some cases that period is death. 2. In other cases the day of hopeless hardness comes before the termination of the natural life. 3. At the time of the second advent of our Lord Jesus Christ, and to this period especially doth the parable refer. As the Lord finds us so we remain forever.

11. "Open to us." Earnest prayer, when used in time, may do much good, but it appears from this parable that there may come a time when prayer even to Jesus may be too late!

12. "I know you not." There is an estrangement of heart that separates them from the Saviour. Heart preparation alone could fit them for the enjoyment of the presence of the Lord, and this they lacked.

13. "Watch." It is our duty to watch with the utmost diligence. We are to watch against temptations, failure in duty, loss of love. Watch for the coming of the Lord and for an opportunity to lead men to Christ. The time is uncertain, we must always be ready. "Wherein the Son of Man cometh." These words are omitted in R. V., and are undoubtedly no part of the text.

Trolleys For Sightseers.

The visitor to the national capital whose time is limited can now see most of Washington in two hours for fifty cents. This is made possibly by a newly-inaugurated "Seeing Washington" trolley line. The cars cover most of the principal lines in the city without stops and a guide points out to passengers the places of interest.

Clean Black Marble.

Spirits of turpentine will clean and polish black marble. For removing stains from white marble nothing is better than a paste made of one-quarter pound of whiting, one-eighth pound of soda and one-eighth pound of laundry soap melted. Boil the mixture until it becomes a paste. Before it is quite cold spread it over the marble and leave it for 24 hours. Wash it off in soft water and dry the marble with a soft cloth.

Furnishing a Small Flat.

In furnishing a small flat it is advisable to avoid massive furniture as much as possible, as it is inappropriate and far from artistic. Marvelous things are done with the aid of a carpenter, a little ingenuity and a few pots of enamel paint. For instance, as every one knows, a round dining room table is a tax on one's pocketbook and is certainly too desirable to be dispensed with. One can easily be made of unpainted pine by a carpenter and painted in the new shade of forest green, or stained to imitate Flemish oak, which will be quite as pretty as one could buy, and the cost will gladden the heart. The legs must of necessity be plain and unadorned, but if the table is made very low the effect is rather quaint than otherwise. Hinged boxes, prim little seats and sets of irregular book shelves can be devised and treated in the same manner, and the effect produced by these creations of one's brain and the carpenter's skill is far better than that obtained by the regular products of a furnishing house.—Good Housekeeping.

A Bit of Science for the Kitchen.

A good authority recommends the following method of rejuvenating a fire. When the kitchen fire is low and a quick, sharp fire is wanted the average woman rushes for the kerosene can. The following less dangerous method is offered: Purchase a pound or so of crude salt petre (sodium or potassium nitrate) and dissolve in a couple of quarts of hot water. Saturate with this solution a bushel or so of charcoal or coke, and set in the sun or some warm place to get perfectly dry, but do not heat it. You now have a compound which is exceedingly inflammable and capable of producing an intense heat. When only a few red coals are to be seen if some of this prepared carbon is introduced a vividly glowing mass will immediately be the result. The ready inflammability of charcoal treated with nitre makes it somewhat dangerous to be sure, but not nearly so much so as kerosene or gasoline. A large quantity should not be kept on hand at one time, and it must not be placed where it will be overheated.

Pound Cake—One pound of butter, one pound of sugar, one pound of flour, nine eggs, the grated rind and juice of one lemon. Beat the sugar and butter to a light cream; add the yolks beaten light, then the whites beaten to a stiff froth, and lastly the flour. Bake slowly.

Chrysanthemum Salad—Shred a crisp cabbage and simmer ten minutes; drain and chill, then heap roughly into a bed of green foliage; mix two tablespoonfuls of tarragon vinegar, one tablespoonful of salad oil, one teaspoonful of celery salt, dash of paprika pepper; pour over salad; garnish with tiny peppers and hard-boiled eggs. Allow to absorb dressing before serving.

Pressed Chicken—Boil one or two chicken in a small quantity of water, with a little salt; when thoroughly done take all the meat from the bones, keeping the light and dark meat separate; chop fine and season. Put in a pan a layer of dark and light meat; add the liquor it was boiled in, which should be about a cupful. Press with a small weight. When cold cut in slices.

Oyster Creams—Line pretty shells with short crusts and bake; fill when removed from the oven with this: Cook one quart of large oysters in their own liquor till edges begin to curl, drain, then cut into pieces and add to one cup of boiling sweet cream. Add three-quarters of a tablespoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of butter and a quarter-teaspoonful of pepper. Serve immediately on a hot platter, daintily garnished with lemon slices.

Some men have pronounced ideas, and others have ideas that are mispronounced.

Fight Your Liver

If you want to. But look out, or it will get the start of you If it does, you will have dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness, sick headache, poor blood, constipation.

Perhaps you have these already. Then take one of Ayer's Pills at bedtime. These pills gently and surely master the liver; they are an easy and safe laxative for the whole family; they give prompt relief and make a permanent cure. Always keep a box of them in the house.

25 cents a box.

If your druggist cannot supply you, we will mail you a box direct from this office upon receipt of the price, 25 cents. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

His Stomach Removed.

A remarkable surgical operation was performed several days ago on Albert Hansdorf, a German, living on Cherry street. Hansdorf had been hurt internally while at work in a machine shop. At Erlanger Hospital, after long study of the case, Dr. Berlin, with Hansdorf's consent, decided upon heroic measures. The whole stomach was removed from the man's body, and his entrails were put upon a marble table, where they were worked upon. The surgeons discovered the wrong and cut several entrails from the stomach, and, washing what was left thoroughly, placed it back in the man's body.

The patient was then restored to consciousness. He remained in a critical condition for several days, but is now improving, and will in all probability recover.—Chattanooga Times.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Not Quite the Word.

Milwaukee's Mrs. Partington is entitled to just as prominent a place in the Hall of Fame as that dear old lady from whom she takes her sobriquet. In her palatial home on Prospect avenue she entertains frequently and elegantly. Her daughters are both beautiful and charming. One of them has the figure of a Venus and a hand and arm that sculptors have raved over. Mrs. Partington is justly proud of her daughters' charms, and speaks of them with freedom and frankness.

"Did you ever notice what a pretty hand my daughter has?" she asked her visitor.

"Oh, yes; I have frequently admired it."

"You have heard of Trentanove, the sculptor, who was here a year or two ago?"

"Yes."

"Well, I have hired him to make a bust of my daughter's hand."—Milwaukee Correspondence Chicago Tribune.

Observations.

In order to get a clear notion of standards and values one must live near to Mammon's heart.

Critical women judge men by their sins of omission rather than commission.

There are times when total ignorance is more creditable than wondrous wisdom.

To drone and dawdle through life is considered "smart" by many fools.

There is no cure for congenital laziness. Indolence can be routed with the lash of hunger or love's spur.

There are no converts so zealous as those who are beyond possible temptation.

A wise woman learns caution when she sees others come to grief. A conceited woman sneers at their clumsiness.

One meets more ill-mannered women than men. The latter wisely keep in hiding.—Philadelphia Record.

Comforting

Nothing so surely breaks up the enjoyments of winter as attacks of

Rheumatism

Nothing so surely cures the trouble as

St. Jacobs Oil

Andree's Presentment.

The will of Explorer Andree, which he stipulated should not be opened until the end of 1900, was read early in the present year, in the presence of a few relatives. It was enclosed in a box with some other smaller packages, tightly sealed and marked, "To be burned unread."

In addition to these there were a series of letters from scientists encouraging the expedition, and one from his friend Fourville, warning him against the proposed trip. This was indorsed: "Possibly he is right, but it is now too late to withdraw."

The will is very short. The opening paragraph includes the following: "My presentment tells me that this terrible journey will signify my death."

The testator's small fortune of a few thousand marks is divided between his brother and his sister. He bequeaths his large library of scientific works to his brother, on condition that he in turn bequeath it to a public library.

The municipal authorities of Glasgow are considering a proposition for the establishment of a city savings bank.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA Blood and Nerve Remedy

Is the Greatest and Most Positive

Cure for Rheumatism

the World Has Ever Known.

Try it and be convinced of its wonderful power to cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Nothing like it for Headaches, Pain and Weakness in the Back or Limbs; unrivalled for Painful Menstruation, etc.

This Style Adopted Nov., 1898

DR. GREENE'S

NERVURA

[TRADE MARK.]

BLOOD AND NERVE REMEDY.

Guaranteed - Purely - Vegetable.

FOR THE CURE OF

Nervousness, Nervous Debility, Weakness, Poor Blood, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Exhausted Nervous Vitality, Nervous Prostration, Sleeplessness, Despondency, Mental Depression, Hysteria, Paralysis, Numbness, Trembling, Pains in the side and back, Apoplexy, Epileptic Fits, St. Vitus Dance, Palpitation, Nervous and Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Constipation, and all Affections of THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.

DOSE.

Adults.—Two to three teaspoonfuls after each meal, in a little water.

Children.—One-half to a teaspoonful after each meal, in a little water.

Infants.—One-quarter teaspoonful, in a little water, three times a day.

If you have Constipation, Torpid Liver and Biliousness, you should take

Dr. Greene's Laxura Cathartic Pills

in connection with Nervura. They are the best pills in the world,—small, sugar-coated, easy to take, certain and pleasant to act.

25 CENTS AT DRUGGISTS.

PREPARED BY

Drs. F. E. & J. A. Greene,

at their Medical Offices and Laboratories.

35 West 14th St., New York City.

24 Temple Place, Boston, Mass.

PRICE, $1.00.

If you suffer with Rheumatism, try Dr. Greene's Nervura, and consult Dr. Greene, 35 W. 14th St., New York City, about your case. Call there or write him. This you can do without cost or charge.

A Wonderful Cure of Rheumatism

of the many thousands cured by

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA.

The greatest known cure for RHEUMATISM.

Mr. T. H. Roleau, of Essex Junction, Vt., says: "For three years I was terribly afflicted with a most severe case of rheumatism. For 23 months I could not walk a step, and I never expected to walk or work again. I was completely helpless and suffered the most horrible agony.

"No man in these parts ever suffered as I did. I took everything that I ever heard of, but never found anything that did me the slightest good until I began the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

"And now comes the most wonderful part of all. In a short time this splendid medicine made me completely well. It is the best remedy I ever saw or heard of, for it raised me from a condition of utter helplessness and constant agony to perfect health. It saved my ability to work which was entirely gone. I am now entirely well and strong, and I owe my health and my life to Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I advise everybody to use it."

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE "ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

TROUGH CREEK.

Lumber hauling was brought almost to a stop on account of bad roads the past week.

Prof. Harkleroad, teacher at Pine Grove, visited his mother near Selea on Saturday, returning on Sunday.

Harry Greenland, of Altoona, brought his babe to the valley and buried it in the Baptist cemetery, and not at Huntingdon as stated in the Huntingdon papers.

There were just thirty votes at the Calvin primary Saturday night. The revival that is going on at Harmony chapel seems to be engaging the minds of the people more than worldly affairs.

The snow that fell last Thursday night causes sleds and sleighs to run very easy though somewhat rough. There is now a good foundation for good sledding and a few inches of snow with just as cold weather as we have had most of the winter would make it.

The new mail carrier from Cassville to Mill Creek, Isaiah Bumgardner, seems to be rendering satisfaction in the way of being accommodating. The greatest hindrance is the one hundred ponnds avoirdupois more than many drivers have to haul both ways every trip. But we suppose "Doc" would feel lost without it.

Martin Bumgardner, who has no education, showed his anxiety for his children to have what he feels the need of by tramping a path for them to get to school last Friday morning a distance of a mile and a half. The director of the district had feeling enough to hitch up his team in the evening and haul them and other of the pupils home. The director must have read the first clause of the first verse of the forty-first Psalm.

I would like every farmer in the county to read Dr. Hamilton's speech delivered at the Pomona Grange at Trough Creek. The farmers certainly stand in their own light by being jealous of each other and not uniting and working to each others interest as all other professions do. We had a good farmers' institute at Calvin and the seed sown there should have been nurtured that it would have been a great benefit to the farmers of the valley. But the religious revival at Harmony seemed to get such a hold on the minds of the people that all other nightly meetings were lost sight of. And we say, God speed the revival and when it is closed let us look after temporal things in a business way.

SHADE GAP.

Dr. Fleming made a professional call near McConnellsburg on Monday.

Jas. Hampton, who has been working at Ebensburg, returned home on Thursday.

Frank Stitt and Wilson Rouse, of Dry Run, were visible in our town on Monday.

Miss Ethel Jones left Monday morning to visit friends in Saxton and Bedford.

There is a good deal of sickness in our vicinity at this writing, mostly la grippe.

John McClain and J. Brodbeck, of Orbisonia, passed through our town on Monday.

Miss Mary A. Harper, of Neelyton, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Dorris Appleby, of this place.

Wm. Shoop, who is working at Huntingdon, spent Saturday and Sunday with his family in this place.

E. Howard Montgomery spent last week in Philadelphia. He reports having had a pleasant time.

Jas. Reed and son, George, who have been away for the past three weeks, returned home on Saturday.

Martin Peterson, of Waterloo, passed through here on Friday on his way to Shirleysburg for a load of hides.

J. O. Parson and wife, of Nossville, spent Saturday and Sunday with Dr. Fleming's family in this place.

Quite a lot of sleighing and sledding has been done since Friday, as it was the first we have had this winter.

Chalsmer Montgomery, who has been sick for the past week, is now able to perform his duties again as school teacher.

CASSVILLE.

At last we have winter.

J. O. Heaton and wife gave a dinner party on Thursday.

Rev. N. B. Smith is conducting a protracted meeting at Newberg.

Mrs. Seward Park has one of the finest collections of plants to be seen anywhere.

Miss Minnie Crotsley is quite ill with rheumatism at the home of her sister, Mrs. McClain.

Miss Maud Houck entertained her friends Monday evening, it being her twelfth birthday.

Preaching service in the Lutheran church on Sabbath; also in the M. P. church in the evening.

C. Lamar Heaton returned from Philadelphia on Saturday where he had been for treatment the past four weeks.

A good many people attended the sale of Bland Park on Saturday. He expects to move to his farm next month.

Prof. McClain has added a reading table to the school room here. In unpleasant weather the pupils read magazines, papers or good books. To inspire pupils with a love for reading is a noble aim.

Persons who suffer from indigestion cannot expect to live long, because they cannot eat the food required to nourish the body and the products of the undigested foods they do eat poison the blood. It is important to cure indigestion as soon as possible, and the best method of doing this is to use the preparation known as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat and restores all the digestive organs to perfect health. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of George M. Park, late of Cass township, Huntingdon county, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to

J. H. WALKER, Administrator,
J. F. Schock, Atty., 2910 Fourth Ave.,
Huntingdon, Pa. Altoona, Pa.
Jan. 14, 1901. 6t

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following inventories of the goods and chattels set apart to widows under the Act of the 14th day of April, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, and will be confirmed ni si on February 6, 1901. If no exceptions be filed thereto the same will be confirmed absolutely May 8, 1901.

1 COLLER. Inventory of the personal property of Charles E. Coller, late of Penn township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Julia B. Coller.
2 QUARRY. Inventory of the personal property of Benjamin Quarry, late of Union township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Eleanor Quarry.
3 RUMBERGER. Inventory and supplemental appraisement of the real estate of Joseph Rumberger, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Mary E. Rumberger.

Office of Clerk O. C., Jan. 4, 1901. B. F. GODARD, Clerk Orphans' Court.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL

FEBRUARY TERM, 1901.

FIRST WEEK, 1st MONDAY AND 4th DAY.

J. M. Oswalt, vs. J. C. Shaffer.
Wilson Bergstresser, vs. G. W. Dunlap, et al.
J. G. Boyer for use C. H. Boyer, vs. Elsie G. Miller.
Edward Duff, adm'r of Jas. P. Whipple, vs. Sue Whipple and J. S. Davidson, exrs. of O. M. Whipple.
S. Win Wilson, executor and trustee, vs. B. F. Africa, endorsor.
S. Win Wilson, executor and trustee, vs. B. F. Africa, endorser.
R. M. Longacre, vs. W. E. Bollinger, et al.

SECOND WEEK, 2nd MONDAY, 11th DAY.

Eli Harmon, vs. The Township of Henderson.
Jacob B. Shuman, vs. George M. Green.
Laura McGregor, vs. The Penna. Railroad Co.
H. C. Chisolm, vs. F. L. Schum.
The County of Huntingdon, vs. Robert Mason, C. K. Horton, et al.
Aldridge Smith, Samuel S. Smith, et al., vs. Andrew Gamble.
Katharine A. Fleagle, vs. M. R. Evans, M. D.
Amos Griffith, vs. I. D. Edwards.
W. J. Owens, adm'r, vs. John W. Shearer.
Laura Arble, vs. Fred. Weidley.

THIRD WEEK, 3rd MONDAY AND 18th DAY.

Storey, Douglas & Brode, vs. W. S. Aaron, et al.
Pauline O. Decker, vs. E. S. McMurtrie.
M. M. Tate, vs. Catharine Snyder.
Mary Speck, vs. Wilson Savits.
W. J. Hanawalt, vs. Wilson Savits.
Fritchey Lumber Co., vs. B. F. Isenberg Milling Company.
L. R. Leister, vs. W. R. Edwards.
L. R. Leister, vs. W. R. Edwards and William Chamberlain.
Elizabeth Rhodes, vs. Millard Swoope.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure.
Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing and empowering the Huntingdon and Clearfield Telephone Company, or its successors, to construct, maintain and operate a system of Telephone Service in the Borough of Mapleton, County of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, and to erect the necessary poles, wires and cables to operate the same.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Chief Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Mapleton, County of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same; that the Huntingdon and Clearfield Telephone Company, its successors or assigns, its or their agents, servants and employees are permitted to erect and maintain in the streets, lanes and alleys of the Borough of Mapleton, in the County of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, and over and under the same, a line or lines or poles and wires, with all such necessary and usual fixtures therefor, as may be necessary for the successful prosecution of a telephone or signal business by means of electricity.

Section 2. That the polls shall be reasonably straight and with the fixtures so to be erected shall be put in in a safe and substantial manner, and shall be as neat in appearance as may be and shall be located under the direction or satisfactory to the Street Committee, or Street Commissioner, in such manner as not to obstruct said streets, lanes and alleys in their ordinary and customary use, and shall be erected, maintained and cared for at the cost of said Company.

Section 3. That the said Telephone Company shall pay the cost of printing and publishing this ordinance; and shall file a written acceptance of this ordinance with the proper officer of said Borough.

Ordained and enacted this 28th day of January, A. D., 1901.

GEO. W. WRIGHT,
President of Borough Council.

Attest:
I. N. SWOPE,
Secretary of Borough Council.

Approved this 28th day of January, A. D., 1901.

H. H. SWOPE,
Chief Burgess.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's office at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be confirmed nisi February 6, 1901, and absolutely February 12, 1901.

1 GRAZIER. Second and final account of J. B. Henderson and McClellan Geist, executors of the last will and testament of Daniel Grazier, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased.
2 MYTON. Account of John W. Myton and Edgar S. Myton, administrators and trustees to sell the real estate of Andrew Myton, late of West township, deceased.
3 MONTAGUE. First and final account of Margaret Alice Appleby, executrix of the last will and testament of Anna E. Montague, late of Dublin township, deceased.
4 HIXON. First account of D. M. Summers, administrator of the estate of J. W. Hixon, late of Lincoln township, deceased.
5 HORTON. First and final account of H. D. Taylor and Amos Evans, administrators of Nathan G. Horton, late of Cassville, deceased, with distribution annexed.
6 MORNINGSTAR. First and final account of William Morningstar, administrator of Susannah Morningstar, late of Lincoln township, deceased.
7 McILROY. First and final account of H. H. McIlroy, executor of Delilah McIlroy, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, with distribution account attached.
8 McILROY. First and final account of H. H. McIlroy, executor of Jackson McIlroy, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, with distribution account attached.
9 COULTER. First and final account of James A. Yeater, administrator of the estate of James Coulter, late of Tell township, deceased, with distribution attached.
10 WASSON. Second account of D. M. Miller, administrator of the estate of Dr. J. S. Wasson, late of Spruce Creek, deceased.
11 BROWN. The final account of J. G. Spangler, administrator of Elizabeth Brown, late of Union township, deceased.
12 McMATH. First and final account of W. L. McMath, C. O. McMath and S. E. McMath, executors of W. S. McMath, late of Cromwell township, deceased, with distribution annexed.
13 COCHRAN. First and final account of John G. Simpson, administrator of the estate of John Cochran, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased.

Register's office, Jan. 4, 1901. B. F. GODARD, Register.

RISES DAILY
In Public Estimation.
THE SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER.

It has won its way around the world on Real Merit.

THE SMITH PREMIER.....

marks the very highest point reached in writing machine mechanism.

It is the most durable writing machine made, and being good at every point in its superior construction does the best work for the longest time and thoroughly satisfies buyer and user.

PRINTED MATTER FREE.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.

No. 23 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE "ITEM"

$1.00 per Year.

If
YOU HAVE NOT
been to A. B. GILLAM'S store lately, you have not
SEEN THE IMPROVEMENTS
THAT HAVE BEEN MADE.

No need to tell our regular patrons because they all know that the greatest variety of goods and lowest prices are found here. Our stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND GROCERIES

will be found to be of the choicest kind.

SHOES.

We still have some shoes and will add others to them each week, that will be sold at cost.

BLANKETS.

Our stock of blankets, haps, etc., is complete, and will be sold at a very low figure.

UNDERWEAR.

Now is the time to buy your underwear. We have quite a variety of men's, ladies' and children's.

In fact you will find everything that goes to make up a good store.

All marketable produce taken in exchange for goods.

Give us a share of your patronage.

A. B. GILLAM,
Mapleton Depot, - Pa.

Candy
Candy

Before you buy your Christmas candy, see my line. I have it at all prices and

ALL FRESH

Special prices to Schools or Sunday schools.

Also a full line of

Lowney's Chocolates

the best made.

GEO. W. FISHER,
417 Penn Street,
Huntingdon, Pa.

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CONTAINS BOTH.

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Our
HOLIDAY GOODS
ARE NOW IN

And the variety is large, embracing China and stone ware, both ornamental and useful, Lamps, Children's Toys, Games, Dolls and doll heads. Big stock of

Christmas Tree Ornaments

tinsel, crepe papers in various shades, etc.

Don't forget our confections, from the plain mixture to the finest creams.

Yocum's
Fifth Street,
Above Postoffice,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

J. L. HOUCK.

Christmas Money

Will go further here and secure for you choice gifts. Our holiday assortment is large and consists of latest novelties, viz:

CHINA & PORCELAIN WARE, JUVENILE SETS, TOILET CASES, STATIONERY, BOOKS, FANCY GOODS, HANDKERCHIEFS, MUFFLERS, GLOVES, UMBRELLAS, FANCY NECKWEAR, SUSPENDERS, TABLE COVERS, CHRISTMAS CARDS.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

We invite special attention to our large line of Felt Boots, Lumbermen's Combinations and Rubber Goods. In this line we handle only *Firsts* at prices you pay for seconds elsewhere. Also complete line

HATS, CAPS, UNDERWEAR, DRY GOODS, BLANKETS & COMFORTS, NOTIONS, GROCERIES, TINWARE, ETC.

We believe you will find to your advantage to trade with us.

J. L. Houck,
Cassville, Pa.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Jan. 30, 1901.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 26, 1900.

	P.M.	Night.	A.M	A.M.	A.M.	P.M*
New York....	9.00	12.15	.....	.....	10.00	1.00
Philadelphia.	11.20	4.25	7.00	8.50	12.25	4.30
Washington...	10.40	.....	7.45	7.45	10.50	.....
Baltimore	11.41	4.50	8.40	8.40	11.45	.....

	D'ly	D'ly.	D'ly.	D'ly.	D'ly.	Dly
	A.M	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	PM.
Harrisburg.....	3.00	8.00	11.48	11.45	3.45	5.00
Rockville		8.12	11.59	.....	.....	5.13
Marysville.....	3.14	8.17	12.03	.....	.....	5.18
Duncannon.....	3.29	8.35	12.16	.....	4.10	5.34
Newport	3.52	9.05	12.37	.....	4.30	6.02
Millerstown.		9.15	12.45	.....	.....	6.11
Thompsontown		9.26	12.53	.....	.....	6.21
Port Royal.....	4.25	9.44	1.07	.....	4. 57	6.38
Mifflin	4.30	9.50	1.11	.....	5.02	6.43
Lewistown Jc.	4.52	10.13	1.30	1.10	5.22	7.07
McVeytown....	5.15	10.38	1.49	.....	r5.42	7.30
N. Hamilton...	5.33	11.00	2.06	.....	.....	7.50
Mount Union...	5.39	11.06	2.10	.....	6.03	7.56
Mapleton.	5.45	11.13	2.15	.....	.....	8.02
Huntingdon. ...	6.03	11.32	2.29	2.01	6.22	8.20
Petersburg	6 19	11.47	2.43	.....	.....	8.33
Birmingham ...	6.46	12.13	3.07	h234	6.54	8.56
Tyrone.	6.52	12.20	3.12	2.40	6.59	9.02
Bellwood.....	7.17	12.41	3.29	.....	7.18	9.20
Altoona.....	7.40	1.00	3.45	3.10	7.35	9.35
Pittsburg.....	12.10	5.50	8.40	6.55	11.30	1.50
	PM.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M

Harrisburg 10.25, Rockville 10.36, Marysville 10.39, Duncannon 10.51, Newport 11.12, Mifflin 11.44, Lewistown Junction 12.02, p. m., Huntingdon 12.58, Tyrone 1.32, Altoona 2.00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

"r" stops on signal to receive or let off passengers Sundays only.

"t" stops on signal to let off passengers from points east and south of Harrisburg, and to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

	Week days	D'ly.	D'ly.	Dly	D'ly.	D'ly
	A.M.	A. M.	A. M.	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.
Pittsburg.....		2.50	8.00		12.45	4.50
Altoona.....	5.00	7.10	11.40	2.05	5.55	9.05
Bellwood.....	5.12	7.25	11.52	2.19	6.10	9.19
Tyrone	5.24	7.43	12.03	2.35	6.27	9.33
Birmingham .	5.28	7.48	g1207	2.40	6.32	
Petersburg ...	5.45	8.12		3.03	6.56	
Huntingdon....	5.57	8.25	12.35	3.17	7.10	10.12
Mapleton.	6.11	8.42		3.35	7.24	
Mt. Union.....	6.16	8.48	12.54	3.42	7.29	10.32
N. Hamilton ...	6.21	8.53		3.47	7.34	
McVeytown....	6.37	9.10	f1.14	4.08	7.51	
Lewiston Jc....	6.58	9.30	1.33	4.33	8.10	11.16
Mifflin.....	7.18	9.50	1.50	4.55	8.30	11.37
Port Royal... ..	7.22	9.54		5.00	8.34	
Thompsontown	7.37	10.09		5.18	8.48	
Millerstown. ...	7.46	10.17		5.28	8.57	
Newport.....	7.55	10.27	2.24	5.39	9.05	
Duncannon.....	8.20	10.49	2.44	6.08	9.29	
Marysville	8.33	11.02	2.56	6.26	9.43	
Rockville.	8.38	11.07		6.32	9.48	
Harrisburg.....	8.50	11.20	3.10	6.45	10.00	1.00

Pittsburg 2.50, Altoona 625, Tyrone 6.30, Huntingdon 7.17, Lewistown Junction 8.05, Harrisburg 9.30 A. M. daily.

	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M	P.M.	A.M.	A.M
Balti	12 10	12.10	*3.15	6 10	9.50	2 35	6.40
Wahg't'n	1.15	1.15	*4.10	7.15	.....	4.05	7.44
Phila.....	11.48	12.17	*3.17	6.23	10.20	4.25	4.25
New York	2.13	3.03	*5.53	9.30	3.53	7.13	7.13

Additional trains are run as under:—

Leave Pittsburg 8.30 P. M. daily, Altoona 12.15 A. M., Huntingdon 1.10 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 3.40 A. M., Philadelphia 6.52 A. M.

Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyrone 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.40 p. m., Philadelhia 5.47 p. m., New York 8.08 p. m., Baltimore 6,10 p. m., Washington 8.15 p. m.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops on signal only.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.—For Sunbury 7.30 A. M. and 3.10 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 7.55, 11.42 A. M. and 3.00 p. M. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., 3.30 and 7.20 P. M. week days.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.30 and 7.15 P. M. week days.

For Scotia 7.50 A.M. and 3.15 P.M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 26, 1900.

NORTH. Irreg., No. 7	NORTH. Mail, No.3	NORTH. Mail, No.1	STATIONS.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 2.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 4	SOUTH. Irreg., No. 6.
p. m.	P.M.	a.m		A. M	p. m.	a. m.
5 00	12 50	6 00	Robertsdale	11 19	6 36	6 50
5 10	1 02	6 12	Cook's	11 04	6 24	6 39
5 22	1 14	6 29	Cole's	10 49	6 12	6 29
5 42	1 42	6 57	Saltillo	10 19	5 42	5 56
5 50	1 50	7 05	Three Springs	10 10	5 21	5 50
6 02	2 03	7 17	*Pogue	9 57	5 07	5 40
6 14	2 18	7 32	Rockhill	9 45	4 44	5 30
	2 35	7 47	Shirley	9 25	4 29	
	2 44	7 57	*Augh. Mills	9 16	4 21	
	3 06	8 20	Mount Union	9 00	4 06	
p. m.	p. m.	a.m		a. m.	p. m.	a. m.

Irregular No. 5 leaves Robertsdale 7.43, Cook's 7.55, Cole's 8.07, Saltillo 8.35, Three Spring 8.43, Pogue 8.55, arrive at Rockhill 9.10 a. m.

Saturday only, No. 7 leaves Robertsdale 3.15, Cook's 3.26, Cole's 3.38, Saltillo 4.02, Three Springs 4.10, Pogue 4.22, arrive at Rockhill 4.35 p. m.

Irregular No. 8 leaves Rockhill 2.20, Pogue 2.32, Three Springs 2.44, Saltillo 2.51, Cole's 3.19, Cook's 3.31, arrive at Robertsdale 3.43 p. m.

Saturday only, Reg. No. 8 leaves Rockhill 1.00, Pogue 1.13, Three Springs 1.25, Saltillo 1.42, Cole's 2.09, Cook's 2.12, arrive at Robertsdale 2.25 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. Irreg., No. 12	WEST. Mail, No. 10	STATIONS.	EAST Irreg., No 9	EAST Mail, No. 11
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
3 50	7 20	L. Rockhill A	6 25	4 55
5 43	7 13	*Blacklog	6 32	5 02
5 35	7 05	*Cedar Rock	6 40	5 10
5 31	7 01	*Locke Vall'y	6 44	5 14
5 25	6 55	*Shade Gap	6 50	5 20
		Stair		
		A Goshorn L		

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

* Flag stations. Beersville changed to Pogue.

A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

Jurors for February Court.

GRAND JURORS, 1st MONDAY, 4th DAY.

Black H H, farmer, Porter
Benson Frank H, drover, Tod
Boller Noah, carpetweaver, Hopewell
Ceilcoat Abraham, railroad agent, Rockhill
Cornelius H A, farmer, Three Springs
Cowan H A, farmer, Dublin
Doyle Chal, clerk, Huntingdon
Frew John, farmer, Miller
Fouse W S, farmer, Lincoln
Fagan W G, farmer, Jackson
Garner James, farmer, Henderson
Greenleaf F M, agent, Huntingdon
Hoffman James, engineer, Saltillo
Lininger Martin, farmer, Penn
Miller Frank, farmer, Shirley
McMullin John A, farmer, Tell
Parson L G, farmer, Shirley
Ramsey Austin, carpenter, Saltillo
Robinson Ross A, farmer, Dublin
Scott Harvey, farmer, Logan
Shore James, farmer, Springfield
Stover John, farmer, Spruce Creek
Taylor W G, farmer, Cass
Wilson W H, gent, Rockhill

PETIT JURORS, 1st MONDAY, 4th DAY.

Africa L D, laboror, Huntingdon
Appleby Robt A, farmer, Dublin
Archey Hezakiah, clerk, Mount Union
Brumbaugh L N, miller, Hopewell
Baker G L S, painter, Huntingdon
Black Wallace J, farmer, Porter
Baker Frank, foreman, Spruce Creek
Barnett Stewart, laborer, Miller
Behrer Chas E, farmer, Franklin
Brown William, merchant, Dudley
Cassidy James, railroader, Huntingdon
Corcelius Lewis, farmer, Penn
Coville F S, farmer, Tell
Drake S S, farmer, Shirley
Ergler Florence, merchant, Huntingdon
Fouse Jacob A, farmer, Penn
Fagan W, farmer, Oneida
Green L A, contractor, Huntingdon
Gill S W, farmer, Penn
Galloway J D, shoemaker, Jackson
Henderson Miles, farmer, Barree
Harris W F, laborer, Huntingdon
Hancock S W, constable, Shirley
Henderson Wm, dealer, Alexandria
Jones Harry, farmer, Tell
Jenkins John E, laborer, Mount Union
Lebb Thos, farmer, Hopewell
Lightner Elmer, farmer, Barree
Mitshell Henry R, farmer, Cromwell
Miller Jeff, farmer, Miller
Mingle James, laborer, Birmingham
Messmer John, Jeweler, Huntingdon
Magil John E, farmer, Jackson
Miller B B, farmer, Porter
Mountain Geo, laborer, Hopewell
McNeal A J, farmer, Clay
Myers J H, auctioneer, Shirleysburg
McClure David, gent, Alexandria
Port Jno A, butcher, Huntingdon
Smith F G, farmer, Tod
Schmittle Geo, gent, Dublin
Smith W C, laborer, Warriorsmark
Starr Amos, clerk, Huntingdon
Swivel John A, barber, Huntingdon
Tate Jno W, laborer, Brady
Wood T M, engineer, Mapleton
Wiley James, lumberman, Dublin
Woomer Geo, farmer, Lincoln

TRAVERSE JURORS, 2nd MONDAY, 11th DAY.

Ashton David, farmer, Springfield
Buck S I, farmer, Warriorsmark
Biglow Wm, blacksmith, Jackson
Butler Curtin, farmer, Porter
Boring E S, farmer, Union
Beck Lloyd, farmer, Warriorsmark
Boller Reuben, laborer, Penn
Bowman G W, carpenter, Huntingdon
Conrad Scott W, watchman, Huntingdon
Corbin Howard, justice peace, Cass
Cullinan J E, clerk, Huntingdon
Davis M J, laborer, Marklesburg
Everhart Walter, laborer, Warriorsmark
Focht John, carpenter, Huntingdon
Grove Frank, laborer, Shirley
Gillam James, laborer, Mount Union
Grimison W A, salesman, Huntingdon
Hemphill E E, teamster, Huntingdon
Hetrick Geo, farmer, Henderson
Hess Henry, railroader, Lincoln
Johnston W H, M. D., Dudley
Love T J, farmer, Tell
Miller John, painter, Huntingdon
McCarthy Peter, miner, Carbon
McClain John W, boss driver, Carbon
Moore Wm R, farmer, Morris
Montgomery Clayton, farmer, West
Mattern Lewis, laborer, Warriorsmark
Madden E J, teacher, Huntingdon
Neff Jos, Jr, farmer, Porter
Neff Geo E, pipefitter, Huntingdon
Park Scott, innkeeper, Three Springs
Randolph W O, farmer, Jackson
Swope J F, farmer, Union
Taylor A H, farmer, Shirley
Zeigler Davis, innkeeper, Huntingdon

TRAVERSE JURORS, 3rd MONDAY, 18th DAY.

Anspach John, laborer, Jackson
Anderson John, baggagemaster, Huntingdon
Bell John, carpenter, Huntingdon
Beaver Geo W, marble cutter, Huntingdon
Bagshaw Miles, farmer, Juniata
Brown Jacob, miner, Carbon
Carberry Wm, farmer, Carbon
Craig Wm, manager, Jackson
Cornelius Christ, laborer, Walker
Conner Samuel, farmer, Cromwell
Davis Edward, farmer, Franklin
Dales J H, butcher, Huntingdon
Edwards N G, janitor, Huntingdon
Frank Saml, laborer, Franklin
Flenner Wm, stable boss, Carbon
Gillam A B, merchant, Mapleton
Green Shirley, farmer, Walker
Hamer Marshal, farmer, Walker
Henderson Jas, gent, Cass
Hanawalt Harry, laborer, Mount Union
Hollingshead John, railroader, Smithfield
Lloyd A S, laborer, Huntingdon
Long Luden, laborer, Huntingdon
Lutz Jordan, farmer, Shirley
Mansbarger David, farmer, Shirley
McGee Wm, farmer, Dublin
Mitchell Smith, farmer, Jackson
Myers Wm, carpenter, Alexandria
McConahy Geo, farmer, Cromwell
Naugle D H, farmer, Tod
Reader M S, farmer, Tell
Sugart James, laborer, Jackson
Swayne D Y, bookkeeper, Huntingdon
Watham Wm, miner, Three Springs
Wiley Jacob, merchant, Dudley
Woomer Isaac, miller, Franklin

Quality and not quantity makes DeWitt's Little Early Risers such valuable little liver pills. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

A Word to Farmers.

Farmers and others desiring to purchase fruit or ornamental trees are urged to correspond with me before purchasing. The stock I have sold in this county in the past years has proven true to name and the trees were healthy. This ought to be convincing evidence that it is better to buy from reliable home agents than from strangers. I intend canvassing the county thoroughly this season and want your patronage.

L. C. CORBIN,

Huntingdon, Pa. 9-28-98 tf

Bibles For the Heathen.

Over 5,000,000 copies of the Bible were sold by the British and Foreign Bible society last year. This is an increase of 1,000,000 over the sales of the year before, says a London newspaper. Sixty thousand "parts" of the Testament were printed and bound for the use of the troops in South Africa. But for this number the sale of Bibles in England has remained for two years at 2,000,000 copies. The missionaries are responsible for the additional million in the output. The heathen has more Bibles than ever before. Most of the books were printed in China and in Chinese characters. Many were printed in Hindoostanee. If the present rate of increase is kept up and each Bible represents a converted heathen, the world may be all Christian about two centuries hence.

San Francisco 1901.

Great preparations are in progress for the next international Epworth League convention, to be held in July, 1901, in San Francisco. Fares will probably be $50 for the excursion from Chicago and $75 from New York. Indications point to a large gathering for this opening session of the new century. The whole Pacific slope is awake and alert. Lectures with stereopticon illustrations are in the east enlightening the people on the attractions of the sunset land and rousing interest and enthusiasm for the trip.

Pastoral Time Limit.

The law of the Methodist Episcopal church limiting the term of pastoral service to five years was changed last May and all limit removed. The result has not been to make many longer pastorates, but, on the contrary, in many conferences has produced an unusual amount of moving. In Detroit and Indiana conferences the proportion of removals has been larger than ever before. Will there be a demand for return to the five or three year limit? Such a course would not be surprising.

Deeds Entered for Record.

William McAlevy and wife to Stephen DeArmitt, property in Jackson township. Consideration $300.

W. H. Sweet and wife to Margaret Cypher, property in Carbon township. Consideration $125.

George E. Mierley and wife to James R. Lane, property in Porter township. Consideration $937.

Abram Miller, trustee, to Lydia J. Moore, property in Cromwell township. Consideration $819.

George W. Stever and wife to George W. Dell, property in Cass township. Consideration $127.

William Fields to C. C. Fields, property in Mount Union. Consideration $500.

J. A. B. Rosensteel to R. M. Longacre, property in Mount Union. Consideration $150.

Saxton Snare to H. H. Snare, property in Penn township. Consideration $200.

Mary C. Buckley to George B. Pry, property in Mount Union. Consideration $150.

H. C. Madden and wife to John M. Anderson, property in Clay township. Consideration $1300.

The most soothing, healing and antiseptic application ever devised is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It relieves at once and cures piles, sores, eczema and skin diseases. Beware of imitations. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

FLORIDA.

Two Weeks' Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The first Pennsylvania Railroad tour of the season to Jacksonville, allowing two weeks in Florida, will leave New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington by special train on February 5.

Excursion tickets, including railway transportation, Pullman accommodations (one berth), and meals *en route* in both directions while traveling on the special train, will be sold at the following rates: New York, $50.00; Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington, $48.00; Pittsburg, $53.00, and at proportionate rates from other points.

For tickets, itineraries and other information apply to ticket agents, Tourist Agent at 1196 Broadway, New York; 4 Court Street, Brooklyn; 789 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.; B. Courlaender, Jr., Passenger Agent Baltimore District, Baltimore, Md.; Colin Studds, Passenger Agent Southeastern District, Washington, D. C.; Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, Pittsburg, Pa.; or to Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

1-16-01-2t

Pepsin preparations often fail to relieve indigestion because they can digest only albuminous foods. There is one preparation that digests all classes of food, and that is Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It cures the worst cases of indigestion and gives instant relief, for it digests what you eat. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

The Artist—Did I ever shave you before, sir?

The Victim—Yes, once.

The Artist—I don't remember your face.

The Victim—No; I suppose not. It's all healed up now.

This season there is a large death rate among children from croup and lung troubles. Prompt action will save the little ones from these terrible diseases. We know of nothing so certain to give instant relief as One Minute Cough Cure. It can also be relied upon in grippe and all throat and lung troubles of adults. Pleasant to take. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

WM. REED & SONS

Great February Muslin and Linen Sale,

TWO DAYS ONLY

Friday and Saturday, February 8th and 9th.

We have secured some of the greatest values for this special sale that we have ever seen. You can anticipate your wants, for we shall be unable to offer you such prices soon again. What you buy means money saved.

A splendid quality of 36-inch unbleached Muslin, worth 6c., at 4½ cts. per yard.
A splendid quality of 10-4 sheeting, bleached or unbleached, worth 18c., at 13½ cts.
Fine bleached muslin, 36 inches wide, worth 6c., at 5c.
Bleached pillow cases, 45x36 inches, worth 15c., at 11c.
A big lot of fine white counterpanes, worth 90c., at 75c.
Two hundred splendid white counterpanes, worth $1.25, at $1.00.
Blue and white, and red prints and light prints, in newest styles, worth 6c., at 4½ cts.
Splendid linen crashes, worth 8c., at 6c.
Splendid linen crashes, worth 10c., at 8c.
Splendid linen crashes, worth 12½c., at 10c.
Splendid linen crashes, worth 15c., at 12½c.
Fine unbleached table linens, worth 30c. and 35c., at 25c.
Fine unbleached table linens, worth 45c., at 37½c.
Fine bleached and unbleached table linens, worth 65c., at 50c.
Fine bleached table linens, worth 90c., at 75c.
Handsome bleached or half-bleached napkins, worth $1.25, at $1.00.
Handsome bleached or half-bleached napkins, worth $1 50, at $1.25.

Besides the above, we will have heavy reductions on many other muslins and linens, as well as other lines of goods. This will be a memorable sale, so do not miss it.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8th and 9th.

Wm Reed & Sons,

Huntingdon, Pa.

THE DAY-LIGHT STORE

New Goods and Plenty of Them

At J. G. Gillam's Day-Light Store will be found a line of Ingrain and Rag Carpets that ranges in price from 25 to 50 cents per yard. Under the recent advance in Carpets our line has no equal in Mapleton at the prices named.

LACE CURTAINS AND POLES

We have a large assortment of Lace Curtains and poles at prices to suit the most careful buyers.

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS

Our stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Latest Style Hats, Neckwear, Hosiery, etc., is large and complete. We are not showing any old goods. Trunks, Telescopes and Grips are here at moderate prices.

HAMMOCKS AND SCREEN DOORS

Screen Wire, and anything you need will be found at our store.

Farm Produce taken in exchange for goods. We want you to trade with us.

JOHN G. GILLAM.

I admit of no superiors —and— Acknowledge no equals in

MY MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF NEW STYLES

My store is filled to the uttermost with a choice line of carefully selected bargains in

Ladies', Gents', Misses' & Children's Up-to-date Footwear

All of the prevailing styles in assortment complete, specially purchased to meet the known wants of this community

My Prices { are of uniformly low grade / never equaled / do my talking / cannot be copied by would-be competitors / makes my business which talks for itself

If you want Superior Goods marvelously cheap, Visit

J. C. HAZLETT, Huntingdon, Pa.

$500 REWARD

We pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with

Liverita, The Up-to-Date Little Liver Pill

They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. Nervita Medical Co., Corner Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Illinois. Sold by

Stage - Route

—BETWEEN—

Cassville - and - Mapleton.

The undersigned will run his hack between Cassville and Mapleton on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays leaving Cassville at 7.30 o'clock A. M., and leaving Mapleton at one P. M. unless notified to wait for afternoon trains. The patronage of the public solicited.

J. FRANK PARK.

W. C. WILSON, D. D. S.,

Successor to Dr. G. L. Robb,

509 Washington St., Huntingdon, Pa.

Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction, NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LOCAL ANÆSTHETICS administered.

Telephone connection. 8-1-00-tf

NEW KING PROCLAIMED

The Quaint and Mediæval Ceremony Enacted in London.

POPULACE ACCLAIM SOVEREIGN

Following the Precedents of a Bygone Age, Heralds in Gorgeous Dress Formally Proclaimed That Edward VII. Had Ascended the British Throne — Crowds Sing "God Save the King."

London.—King Edward VII. held his first Privy Council at St. James's Palace on Wednesday. He took his accession oath, and received the oaths of allegiance of the Privy Councils. He announced in his speech that he assumed the title Edward VII. Parliament assembled and the members of the two houses swore allegiance to the King.

On Thursday London witnessed a sight the like of which only a very few people now living had ever seen before. King Edward VII. was proclaimed at various points of the metropolis with ceremonies exactly following ancient precedence.

The College of Arms, or Herald's College, which carried out the strange function, is almost an unknown institution to the general public. The actors therein seemed to be some strange creatures come from a far-off age. Their marvellous dress and accoutrements suggested more than anything else the figures of the court cards of a playing pack suddenly incarnated. They almost dashed through the city and performed their functions in the same haste as though anxious to vanish again into the dead past from which they had been unwillingly resurrected.

The proclamation ceremony was brief and simple. It first took place in the quadrangle at St. James's Palace. On the balcony overlooking Friory Court, from which the proclamation was read, were the Duke of Norfolk and other officers of State. After a fanfare of trumpets Clarenceux King of Arms, in a clear voice and amid impressive and reverent silence, read the official proclamation.

When he concluded the reading Clarenceux King of Arms cried in a stentorian voice, "God save the King." The crowd thereupon removed their hats and broke into hearty cheers. There was another fanfare by the trumpets, and the heralds withdrew and drove toward the city, where the proclamation was read again.

The scene at Temple Bar was picturesque when Rouge Dragon Pursuivant at Arms demanded official entrance to the city to proclaim the King. The street was lined with troops, who were flanked by an immense crowd. The Lord Mayor and city dignitaries, in quaint official dress, took up positions at the confines of the city to await his arrival.

Rouge Dragon Pursuivant at Arms advanced at the head of the pageant and alighted from his carriage. Then he advanced between two trumpters to the city boundary, which was marked with a red silk cord.

The City Marshal in stentorian tones demanded: "Who goes there?" Rouge Dragon Pursuivant replied by asking permission to enter the city. This was granted and he was conducted to the Lord Mayor. He explained his presence within the city by handing the Lord Mayor an order in council. The Lord Mayor having read this the scarlet cord was removed and the procession passed. A herald read the proclamation.

The Lord Mayor, with the civic authorities, proceeded then to the Royal Exchange, from the steps of which the Lord Mayor in his black, gold-braided robe of state and attended by the sword bearer and the sergeant-at-arms, bearing their maces, read the warrant of the Privy Council and called upon the herald to proclaim the ascension of Edward VII. The great crowd greeted the title with loud and long cheers. Then the herald read the proclamation.

After the reading the crowd sang "God Save the King" and gave three times three cheers for King Edward VII. and the same number for Queen Alexandra, after which the officials departed.

King Edward VII. was proclaimed in many cities and towns of the United Kingdom, the usual procedure being that the Mayor, attended by the other members of the corporation, read the proclamation in the Town Hall or Market Place.

EDWARD VII., KING OF GREAT BRITAIN AND EMPEROR OF INDIA.

QUEEN VICTORIA AND HER THREE DIRECT DESCENDANTS.

(This was the last portrait taken of England's lamented sovereign. On the right is King Edward VII., on the left the Duke of Cornwall, the heir-apparent. The Duke's little son, the heir-presumptive, stands by the Queen's side.

SKETCH OF EDWARD VII.

He is Considered Sensible, Well Educated and Careful.

Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, now King Edward of Great Britain and Ireland and Emperor of India, is in his sixtieth year. He is scarcely five feet seven inches high, and rather stout. As the Prince of Wales he dressed very neatly, but plainly.

The character and capacity of the King are said to be very different from what is, perhaps, the popular idea of his personality in this country.

For over a generation his mind has been developed by contact with the best authorities on all subjects. His mental ability is declared to be accurate, comprehensive and profound, and predictions have not infrequently been made that in the event of his ascension to the throne the world would see no ordinary sovereign ruling over England. He speaks French, Italian and German.

On March 10, 1863, he was married to Princess Alexandra of Denmark. Their living children number four—George, the Duke of York, who married Princess May of Teck; the Princess Louise, who married the Duke of Fife, and the Princesses Victoria and Maud, the latter the wife of Prince Charles of Sweden. One child died in infancy, and the Duke of Clarence, the oldest son, in January, 1892.

KINGDOM DOUBLE IN SIZE.

Nineteen Acquisitions of Territory in Queen Victoria's Reign.

Some conception of the growth of the British Empire under Queen Victoria may be formed from the following table. Besides territory actually acquired, Great Britain has assumed control of Egypt, while restoring the Soudan to Khedival rule, and there is no apparent prospect of her withdrawal from the Nile Valley.

1839—Aden annexed.
1842—Hongkong acquired.
1842—Natal taken.
1843—Sindee annexed.
1846—Sikh territory ceded.
1849—Punjaub annexed.
1852—Pegu, Burmah, acquired.
1856—Oude annexed.
1858—Crown assumed rule of India.
1874—Fiji Islands annexed.
1875—Sultan's share in Suez Canal bought.
1878—Island of Cyprus occupied.
1886—Burmah annexed.
1890—Zanzibar protectorate assumed.
1896—Ashantees compelled to accept British sovereignty.
1896—Kitchener occupied Dongola.
1899—Partition of Samoa.
1900—Transvaal and Orange Free State annexed.

No New Prince of Wales.

The title of Duke of Cornwall has been conferred upon the Duke of York, the heir apparent to the British throne. It was supposed that the title "Prince of Wales," which belongs only to a son born of the King, would be conferred upon him by royal patent, but it is now very probable that this will not be done.

SUPPOSED DEAD MAN SHOWS UP.

His Wife Had Been Living on the Life Insurance.

St. Louis, Mo.—Albert C. Johnson, formerly of Batavia, N. Y., still lives, despite the fact that his wife is living on $7000 insurance collected on the theory that he was dead in Brazil. After a long search he has located his wife at Belding, Mich., and a few days ago conversed with her over the long-distance telephone, the first conversation they have had since he left home, three years ago, to make a fortune.

While fortune hunting he was taken down with fever and word was sent home that he had died. His wife collected on the insurance policy, and since that time has been moving from place to place.

ALEXANDRA, QUEEN OF ENGLAND.

The Argentine Wheat Crop.

The Argentine wheat crop, it is estimated, will yield 2,600,000 tons.

THE CUBAN CONSTIUTION

As Submitted bv the Central Committee to the Convention.

OUR OWN TAKEN AS THE MODEL

Guarantees Freedom of Speech and Press and Civil and Religious Liberty—Native Congress Can Declare War and President Arrange Treaties—Territory of Republic—No Mention of America

Havana, Cuba.—The Cuban Constitution, as submitted by the Central Committee to the Constitutional Convention, contains the following provisions:

1.—The people of Cuba shall be constituted into a sovereign and independent State under a republican form of government.

2.—The territory of the republic comprises the Island of Cuba and the islands and keys adjacent thereto which were under the jurisdiction and control of the General Government of the Island of Cuba while it was a Spanish possession.

3.—The territory of the republic shall be divided into six provinces, the boundaries and names of which shall be those of the present provinces as long as not modified by the laws.

The requirements for citizenship are in general the same as those prescribed by the United States Constitution.

The rights guaranteed to citizens in the matters of private correspondence and documents, free speech, religious freedom, separation of Church and State, right of petition and assembly copyright, free entry and exit and confiscation of property are identical with those vouchsafed by the Constitution of the United States.

The national sovereignty shall be vested in the people of Cuba, from which shall emanate the public powers.

The legislative power shall be exercised by two elective bodies to be named the "House of Representatives" and the "Senate," and conjointly known as the "Congress."

The Senate shall be composed of six Senators from each one of the six departments of the republic, elected for a period of six years by electors whom the ayuntamientos shall name in the manner prescribed by law.

One-third of the Senators shall be elected every two years.

The Senate shall have the power to try all impeachments against the President of the Republic and the Governors of the departments in the same manner as provided for in the Constitution of the United States, Its other powers are similar to those of the United States Senate.

The House of Representatives shall be composed of one Representative for every 25,000 inhabitants or fraction, or more than 12,000, elected for a period of four years by direct vote, and in the manner prescribed by law.

The House of Representatives shall have power to bring all impeachments in the same manner as the United States House of Representatives. In general the regulations common to both legislative bodies, as well as the privileges and immunities guaranteed to members, are identical with those prescribed in the Constitution of the United States.

The Executive power shall be exercised by the President of the Republic. The President shall be elected to serve a term of four years. No one can be elected President for three consecutive terms.

The President shall be elected by direct votes, and an absolute majority thereof cast on one single day in accordance with the provisions of the law.

The other provisions are similar to those of the United States Constitution.

There shall be one Vice-President of the Republic, who shall be elected in the same manner as the President, conjointly with the latter and for a like term.

The Constitution cannot be changed, in whole or in part, except by two-thirds vote of both legislative bodies. Six months after deciding on the reform, a Constitutional Assembly shall be elected, which shall confine itself to the approval or disapproval of the reform voted by the legislative bodies. These will continue in their functions independently of the Constitutional Assembly. The members of this Assembly shall be equal in number to the members in the two legislative bodies together.

HIS FEES FOR A STATUE.

Register Howe Will Spend $45,000 in Honor of Washington.

New York City.—When Register James R. Howe, of Brooklyn, assumed office he announced that he would not pocket all the fees, but he refused to tell what he proposed to do with the money. He, however, disclosed his secret a few days ago, when he declared that he would spend about $45,000 in erecting an equestrian statue of George Washington near the fountain on Bedford avenue.

The statue will be a duplicate of the one erected in Washington fifty years ago by order of Congress. There is no statue of Washington in Brooklyn.

Montreal Fire Loss, $2,500,000.

The loss by the fire at Montreal, Que., was $2,500,000, and the insurance $2,025,000.

Disastrous Rains in Jamaica.

Heavy rains have inflicted great damage to the banana fields in Jamaica.

STATE NEWS BUDGET.

Ruin Threatens a Town.

The town of Parsons is in danger of suffering severe damage as well as having its chief industry destroyed. It has been discovered that the Laurel Run Mine, over the workings of which is the business part of the town, is going to cave in soon, and there is apparently no way of preventing it. The officials made the discovery a few days ago, and are now getting out the cars, the rails, and everything they can that is of value. The affected portion of the mine is in its central part, and it is believed to be impossible to prevent it caving by even the most elaborate propping. The mine is now squeezing so vigorously that the cave-in is feared at any time. It is a very old working, and some years ago was abandoned by its owners. Then it was leased by the Laurel Run Company and a lot of coal has been mined. This has weakened the pillars and has resulted in the danger of the cave-in. The veins are near the surface, and if the cave occurs the surface will doubtless go down also, and if it does it is feared there will be a great damage to property. The mine will probably be abandoned, and most of the residents of the town will be without work.

Dog Causes a $15,000 Fire.

A $15,000 fire was caused by a harmless appearing little dog in the express office of the Erie station at Lackawaxen, a few days ago. The animal was being transported over the Erie, and during the night was placed in the Lackawaxen Station. While the night station agent was temporarily absent the dog escaped from his cage and knocked over a lamp that was resting on the table. The explosion that followed set fire to the building, and, despite the efforts of a large number of the residents of Lackawaxen, the building was rapidly consumed. After the fire was extinguished the remains of the dog were found burned to a crisp.

A Retail Druggist Bill.

Owing to numerous prosecutions for violation of the pharmacy laws, the Retail Druggists' Association has drafted a bill regulating the business, which will be presented to the present Legislature. The measure makes but slight changes in the present law, which is generally commended. It divides druggists into two classes, those who sell patent medicines in unbroken packages, and those who make up prescriptions. The Commonwealth is to pay for examinations and the enforcement of the law, receiving the examination fees.

Child Runs Away From Home.

Katie Milton ran away from her home in Providence, Lackawanna County. Katie is only twelve years of age. When an infant her mother died, and she was adopted by a Mrs. McNeill, of Ashley. Recently her father claimed her and she went to Providence to live. A few days ago, while on her way to school, she stopped friends and borrowed enough money to pay her fare to Ashley. The police were notified and they took the little one in their charge.

Shot Down From Ambush.

While Anthony Seckley was returning to Mt. Carmel from Marion Heights, in company with several young men and women, an unknown man, hiding in ambush behind a stump, shot five times from a revolver at the group. A bullet lodged in Seckley's body, causing a fatal wound. As soon as the murderer emptied his revolver he ran down the road and escaped.

Mad Dog Treed His Pursuer.

For three hours people in the vicinity of Fruitville pursued a dog which showed unmistakable signs of rabies. He bit a number of dogs in his course. Ira Kulp, who cut across the fields to intercept the canine, was compelled three times to climb up a tree to save himself from being bitten.

Baby Weighs Under Two Pounds.

George and Laura Thompson, of Coatesville, are the parents of a girl who weighs just one pound and twelve ounces. It is exceptionally healthy for a child of its size. Its wrist is about as big around as a woman's middle finger.

Two Children Buried Together.

The four-year-old son and two-year-old daughter of Stewart Remaley, of Bethlehem, died of diphtheria and were buried in the same grave.

All Through the State.

The endowment fund of Muhlenberg College, Allentown, has reached $161,852.59.

Blood-poisoning from a boil on his lip caused the death of Aaron B. Fretz, of Zion Hill.

Residents of Warren township, Franklin County, want a postoffice, to be called Walnut.

Brooding over failure to get work George Hughes, of Plymouth, shot and killed himself.

Bethlehem capitalists have subscribed nearly $100,000 for a new structural iron plant.

There will be more sales by Berks County farmers this spring than there have been for many years.

Thieves at Leisz's Bridge, Berks County, robbed Frank Rothermel's house of money and jewelry.

Failing to have his $50,000 bond renewed, City Treasurer Frederick Sheffield, of Altoona, has resigned.

BROKE HIS CRUEL VOW

Spoke to Devoted Wife After Twenty-five Years of Silence.

WAS IN THE SHADOW OF DEATH

William H. Jerolamon and His Wife Quarreled Over a Trifle a Quarter of a Century Ago—Never Spoke to Her Until on Deathbed—She Forgave Him Ere He Breathed His Last.

Morristown, N. J.—With the burial of William H. Jerolamon in the little cemetery at Mt. Arlington ended a life story that made him and his wife talked of the county wide. For a quarter of a century Jerolamon never spoke to his wife.

"I'll never speak to you as long as I live, I swear it," was his vow one day far back in the seventies, when he and his wife quarreled over a mere trifle. He was fifty-eight years old then. He kept his vow until death was coming and lived on, utterly ignoring the wife who had shared his joys and sorrows so many years. He led the same life as in the past in the pretty Mt. Arlington home in Morris County, but is was as if Mrs. Jerolamon had never lived, so far as it concerned the old man.

Devoted and faithful as ever, she frequently attempted to get him to break his self-imposed silence. She cooked for him, served meals daintily, tried in every possible way to please him, but all in vain. He dined alone and in silence. Often Mrs. Jerolamon had to speak to her husband on affairs of the household, but never by word or gesture did he intimate that such a person as his wife existed. As the years went by he prospered. His place became noted for its small fruits and vegetables. No one could excel his products. He did everything, however, by rules vigorously inforced. These rules he carried to his home life and his life in the community.

Once Jerolamon was a steady church member. He was one of the organizers of the Arlington Methodist Episcopal Church, and he became a trustee. Away back in 1874 the little town went wild on prohibition. The old man tried to get the church members to indorse the cold water ticket at the town election, but they refused absolutely. He spoke his opinion freely.

"I'll never go into this church again, or any other!" he declared, and he kept his word. He lived on, eating his meals in his solitary corner, while his wife's heart was slowly breaking. His daily tasks were performed as usual and with clocklike regularity. Rarely did the advent of a stranger break in on the household's quiet. The old man hoarded his money, and made his will, which he put in the care of Judge M. M. Forest, together with his papers and bank books. The other day he was unable to arise. Pneumonia had laid its grip upon the man, now nearly eighty years old. Weaker and weaker he grew. Suddenly a great lump rose in his throat. He essayed to speak.

"My dear," he gasped, calling out to his faithful wife of a lifetime, "I'm sorry. Will you forgive the past?"

Forgive the past? Of course she would, only too gladly, and there by the bedside of her dying husband Mrs. Jerolamon wept softly that reconciliation had come at last.

Then he fell asleep. When he awoke his wife was still there. But so was the shadow of death. All that day and the next it hovered near, and then it claimed the old man, while his widow, happy once again in his confidence for a few fleeting days, swooned away. He was buried in the little churchyard in Mt. Arlington.

CHINESE GIRLS SOLD AT AUCTION

Publicly Disposed of at San Francisco—Prices Range From $1700 to $2500.

San Francisco, Cal.—Five Chinese girls were sold at public auction in Chinatown a few days ago as publicly as if they were in Canton, where such human slavery is a recognized institution. These girls were the property of Gong Gow, an old Chinese, who has kept for years one of the most disreputable dens in Chinatown. He wanted to go back to China, so he advertised to sell the furniture and chattels of his establishment at auction.

According to the Chinese custom the creditors of Gong appeared and pasted bills on the door of his place, specifying their claims. Every Chinese who bid at auction agreed to pay all claims against the particular girl he fancied. When the sale began there was a large crowd. The girls were exhibited and the auctioneer enumerated their good points. They stood stolidly by as if they were accustomed to such proceedings, having been sold in Canton before they were brought here. They brought fancy prices, as the restriction act is so rigidly enforced now that it is difficult to get pretty Chinese girls into the country. They sold from $1700 to $2500 each, and they were at once removed to new quarters.

Gold Strike in Arizona.

A sensational gold strike is reported from Kingman, Ariz. Assays yielded 707 ounces of gold, values at more than $14,000. A stampede of miners ensued.

India Exports Iron.

India has entered into the list of iron and steel producing and exporting countries.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

The Navy Department will send an expedition to Sumatra to observe the total eclipse of the sun on May 17.

The Grand Army is trying to advance the passage of a bill creating a Pension Court of Appeals.

The Government will be strictly neutral in regard to the asphalt dispute in Venezuela, the rival companies being expected to settle their differences in the courts.

The House Committee on Coinage asked W. J. Bryan to present his views in regard to the bill to redeem silver dollars in gold.

General Nelson A. Miles will probably retain his rank of lieutenant-general under the new army act.

President McKinley established a precedent by ordering flags to be placed at half mast on Government buildings in Washington, because of Queen Victoria's death.

General Fitzhugh Lee says Western army posts should be improved if they are to be used for seasoning recruits for Philippines service.

No American soldier has suffered the death penalty for either military or criminal offences since the beginning of the Spanish-American war.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

The Philippine Commission unanimously passed the act establishing the Department of Public Instruction.

Editor Rice, of Manila, will be deported to the United States by order of General MacArthur, for printing charges against the American military authorities.

A report on the conditions of Porto Rico to the Interior Department shows the possibilities of development of the island.

The Porto Rican Council passed a bill fixing the salaries of native members of the Council at $3000.

Severe cold has caused much suffering at Santiago, Cuba.

DOMESTIC.

The Board of Development of Alexandria County, Va., wants to reannex the county to the District of Columbia.

Lieutenant Taylor, of the revenue launch Penrose, fell overboard at Pensacola, Fla., and was drowned.

A strike at the head of the Kuskokwin, Alaska, has caused a big stampede from Nome.

A judgment of $500,017 was entered against Cornelius L. Alvord, Jr., the convicted bank embezzler, in favor of the First National Bank, New York City.

Frank Klufsky, aged sixty-eight years, of Cleveland, Ohio, moody over money loss, refused to eat and died from starvation.

Within a week, two brothers and a sister, composing the firm of Kreutler Bros., milliners, at New Haven, Conn., have gone crazy. The concern is insolvent.

The annual report on the Michigan State Penitentiary at Jackson shows a total population of 720, the lowest in twenty-five years.

Fire destroyed the Grand Opera House in Cincinnati, Ohio. E. H. Sothern's company lost everything and narrowly escaped death.

Wife of William Death, convicted of murder in the Bosschieter case, at Paterson, N. J., declared that she would not seek a divorce.

Mrs. Carrie Nation, the Wichita (Kan.) liquor crusader, was released and the insurance companies cancelled their policies on saloon fixtures.

Mrs. Edwin Fisher, a colored woman, aged twenty-seven years, committed suicide at Deep River, Conn.

The Texas Legislature elected J. W. Bailey, of Gainesville, United States Senator to succeed Horace Chilton.

An explosion at the oil refinery in Corsicana, Texas, caused $15,000 damages.

The vicinity of Shelbyville, Ill., is excited over the discovery of a flow of natural gas at seventy-seven feet.

Moses Fowler Chase, twenty-two years old, heir to about $1,000,000, is detained in an asylum in Paris, France, and his father, a prominent lawyer of Lafayette, Ind., is taking steps to have him brought back to the United States.

A mob of 500 citizens attacked and burned the pest house situated in a remote part of Omaha, Neb.

The will of the late Marcus Daly was filed in Anaconda, Mont., the estate being divided between the widow and four children.

Five highwaymen robbed a bank at Briston, Ind. Ter., and killed the president.

FOREIGN.

The Lord Mayors of the Irish cities were chosen, Timothy Charles Harrington being elected in Dublin, Alderman Fitzgerald in Cork, and John Daly in Limerick.

A successful operation was performed on President Kruger's eyes at Utrecht.

The University of Munich has sent Dr. Martin Hahn and Dr. Duerck to Egypt and India to study the bubonic plague.

The agreement between Russia and China regarding Manchuria did not signify a protectorate by the former Power.

The Bulgarian Cabinet resigned on account of internal differences.

Lord Curzon calculates that the famine has cost about 750,000 lives in India, though a much smaller number died directly of starvation.

GREAT FIRE IN MONTREAL

Fierce Flames Sweep the Business District of the City.

A LOSS OF SEVERAL MILLIONS

The Fire One of the Most Disastrous in Fifty Years — The Board of Trade Building, Which Cost $1,000,000, Left a Mass of Ruins—Many Firms Burned Out—Estimate of Losses.

Montreal, Que.—The business district of this city was visited by the most disastrous fire it has known for fifty years, and the loss is placed at $4,500,000. The greatest loss is the Board of Trade Building, which was built in 1891, at a cost of $1,000,000, and is now a mass of ruins. It had more than two hundred and fifty tenants, and their loss will be about $550,000.

The fire started at ten minutes after eight o'clock in the clothing house of M. Saxe & Sons, in St. Peter street, and before the firemen could get to work the flames had spread to the Nelson Fireworks building.

Scores of explosions followed and in ten minutes the eastern wall fell into the west side of the Board of Trade Building. The fire was thus carried through many windows and although the building was supposed to be fireproof, it was a seething mass of flame within an hour.

To the south the fire spread to St. Paul street, and the firemen were beaten back inch by inch, until it seemed that the entire business portion of Montreal must go. A strong west wind blew for some time and this meant that the famous Notre Dame Church might go at any moment, but, thanks to a sudden change, St. Francis Xavier street buildings were saved and the church was not touched.

All along St. Paul street scores of small wholesale warehouses were wiped out. At least four of the largest wholesale fur houses, which were carrying unusually large stocks, were destroyed. It is estimated that their loss will be a million dollars. Dealers say it will mean an increase of fifty per cent. in the price of furs.

The Montreal Board of Trade Building was occupied chiefly by well-known wholesale firms, and, while large stocks of goods were not carried in the building, sample rooms innumerable were destroyed. The building was also occupied by upward of a score of firms in the wholesale grain trade, as well as half a dozen shipping firms, representing prominent lines.

The railway offices included the Canadian Pacific, the Grand Trunk, the Canada Atlantic and the Delaware and Hudson. There were also in the building branches of all the telegraph lines. Many records of great value have been lost, and it is believed that cash running into the thousands of dollars has been consumed.

Forced by a north wind, the fire swept right to the river front. The burned space covers about three entire blocks.

Montreal has in the last fifty years been visited by several unusually destructive fires.

In the conflagration of July 8, 1852, a large part of the suburbs of the city was swept away. More than eight hundred houses were destroyed, and four thousand persons were made homeless. The loss was $2,100,000.

Ten persons were killed and twenty injured, on April 29, 1877, when many buildings were destroyed in a fire which started in a building in St. Albans street, occupied by a novelty company. Several citizens and firemen were buried beneath falling walls.

Montreal was almost panic stricken on October 24, 1887, when there was a series of conflagrations. There were seven large fires in different parts of the city within twelve hours.

$15,000,000 FOR COAL LAND.

J. P. Morgan & Co. Buy 75,000 Acres in Greene County, Penn.

Pittsburg, Penn.—J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. have concluded the purchase of 75,000 acres of coal land in Greene County for $15,000,000. The land was controlled by a syndicate of Pittsburg and Westmoreland County men.

They had the land under option at $75 an acre and sold it for $200 an acre, clearing $9,375,000. Morgan & Co., it is said, acquired the land for the use of the National Tube Company, Federal Steel Company and other industrial concerns backed by them.

The vein is a good grade of steam and coke coal. The land will be opened up by running railroads through it.

HER CELLULOID COMB EXPLODED.

Now Miss Doyle Has No Hair and Is Painfully Burned.

Birmingham, Ala.—Miss Mary Doyle, a finisher of photographs, met with severe injuries at her home here by the explosion of a celluloid comb in her hair.

She fell asleep in a chair in front of a blazing fire, when the comb became heated and burst into flames. The explosion awoke the young woman, but her hair was in a blaze in a moment. Her screams attracted her mother, who attempted to pull the burning comb from the hair, receiving painful injuries. Miss Doyle ran to a barrel of water and extinguished the flame. She has no hair now and is painfully burned.

SPORTING BREVITIES.

Over 300 horses are wintering at the Lexington (Ky.) track.

The American Baseball Association has been granted rights under the national agreement.

Chainless bicycles with one-inch tubing have been reduced in weight to twenty-five pounds.

Efforts to hold an international boat race on the Chicago drainage canal are not meeting with success.

The students of Columbia College are hustling to raise $11,000 to pay off the indebtedness of the various athletic departments.

Foreign riflemen have been invited to shoot for Centennial Trophy in international tournament, at Sea Girt, N. J., in September.

It is a happy augury for the perpetuity of baseball that there will be no "war" between the National League, the parent baseball organization, and the American Association, the new aspirant for "diamond" honors.

One of New York's sporting clubs has purchased 1700 acres of land in western Massachusetts, to be kept under fence as a game preserve. A lake covering 100 acres will be stocked with fish, and private stables and cottages are to be erected.

The bicycle of 1901, as shown by the models of the leading manufacturers, is distinctively a comfortable bicycle. Cushion frames, coaster brakes, chainless gears, adjustable handlebars and a score of other improvements, all are in the direction of comfort.

The selection of Langdon Lea, captain of Princeton's '95 football eleven, as head coach is looked upon as a move in the right direction. Lea coached the '99 eleven, but because of a contract to instruct the University of Michigan players last fall he was unable to take the Tigers in charge.

LABOR WORLD.

Five hundred coal miners struck at Scofield, Utah, for increased wages. It is the first mining strike in the history of that State.

During the last hundred years the hours of labor in England have been reduced from sixteen to ten, and in many cases to eight.

Over 500 Vernon County coal miners quit work at Nevaka, Mo., because they were not allowed to select their own check weighman.

At numerous mines in Siberia, 2000 men and 500 horses are used on a single property to produce gold not exceeding $2,000,000 per annum.

North Carolina's Labor Commissioner reports that eighty-two per cent. of adult employes and sixty-eight per cent. of children read and write.

In the region of the southern Urals a Russian laborer gets only fifteen cents a day, and a man with a horse and a cart costs forty-five cents a day.

The German labor statistics for December, 1900, show that there were 162 persons demanding work to every 100 positions, as against 124 persons in December, 1899.

Chicago's great builders' strike has involved, in fifteen months, a loss of $50,000,000 in wages and $75,000,000 in contractors' profits, while 18,000 men and their families have left the city to seek work elsewhere.

President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, has issued a statement reviewing the history of labor unions. He says: "In all our struggles we have met no real defeat, but only reverses. We are constantly gaining ground."

The American Window Glass Workers' Association has voted an assessment of one-half of one per cent. of the weekly earnings of the members to aid the striking windowglass workers in Belgium. The assessment will yield $900 a week.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

The Duke of Broglie, the famous French statesman, is dead.

General R. A. Alger has started 400 bank accounts of $1 each for Detroit newsboys.

Professor Elisha Gray, of Chicago, an inventor of the telephone, died at Newtonville, Mass.

Hetty Green's son, E. H. R. Green, says he has quit politics to please his mother, "who is dead set against politics."

James F. Harlan, who has been appointed Attorney-General of Porto Rico, is a son of Justice Harlan, of the United States Supreme Court.

Alfred Beit went to South Africa when a young boy, and in less than thirty-two years, starting with nothing, became the richest man in all the world.

Former Secretary Carlisle is said to be making $50,000 a year in fees from his practice in New York City, which is tempting other retired statesmen to follow his example.

Mr. Parmlee Prentice, who was recently married to Miss Rockefeller, at New York City, will inherit from his father one of the best collections of rare books in the country.

Sir Richard Webster, now Lord Alverstone, the English Lord Chief Justice, when called to the bar made $1500 in the first year of his practice and $5000 the second. Before his latest promotion he was making $100,000 a year.

The poet Swinburne recently said that if early in life he had made it a rule to answer only such letters as came from friends and relatives his contributions to literature would have been augmented by the addition of at least three volumes.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK.			
The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3c. per quart.			
BUTTER.			
Creamery—West, extra	$ —	@$	22
Firsts	21	@	21½
Thirds to seconds	17	@	20½
State dairy tubs, extra	—	@	20
Imitation creamery	13½	@	17½
Factory finest	13½	@	14
Low grades	11	@	12½
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	11¼	@	11½
Small	—	@	12
Part skims, good to prime	6½	@	7½
Full skims	2	@	2½
EGGS.			
Nearby—Fancy	22	@	24
State and Penn	22	@	24
Western—Choice	19	@	20
Southern—Choice	18	@	19½
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1900	—	@	2 55
Medium	—	@	2 25
Pea, choice	2 32½	@	2 35
Red kidney, choice	2 40	@	2 45
White kidney, choice	2 60	@	2 65
Yellow eye	—	@	2 65
Lima, Cal.	—	@	3 80
Green peas, bags	1 15	@	1 17½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Baldwin, per bbl	2 00	@	3 25
Greening, per bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Strawberries, Fla., per qt	25	@	40
Cranberries, per bbl	7 50	@	9 25
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, per lb	—	@	10
Chickens, per lb	—	@	8
Roosters, per lb	—	@	6
Turkeys, per lb	—	@	8
Ducks, per pair	50	@	70
Geese, per pair	1 25	@	1 50
Pigeons, per pair	25	@	30
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	6	@	10½
Broilers, Phila., per lb	18	@	25
Fowls, State & Penn., per lb	—	@	10
Chickens, Western, per lb	8	@	11
Ducks, Western, per lb	7	@	11
Geese, Western, per lb	6	@	8
Squabs, per dozen	1 50	@	3 25
HOPS.			
State—1900, choice, per lb	19	@	20
1900, common to fair	14	@	16
Pacific coast—1900, choice	18	@	19
1899, common to choice	8	@	14
Old odds	2	@	5
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, per 100 lb	92½	@	95
No. 1, per 100 lb	90	@	92½
No. 2, per 100 lb	82½	@	87½
Clover mixed, per 100 lb	77½	@	82½
Straw, long rye	80	@	85
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, West., per bbl	1 50	@	1 75
State, per bbl	1 50	@	1 75
Sweets, per bbl	1 75	@	2 25
Onions—Orange Co., per bag	2 00	@	4 00
Eastern, red, per bbl	2 00	@	2 50
Eastern, white, per bbl	3 50	@	5 00
Cabbages, State, per ton	13 00	@	16 00
Turnips, per bbl	75	@	80
Tomatoes, per carrier	1 00	@	3 00
String beans, per crate	1 00	@	3 00
Squash, per bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Egg plant, per box	1 25	@	2 00
Peppers, per crate	75	@	1 25
Celery, per dozen	10	@	50
Lettuce, per basket	1 50	@	3 50
Beets, per crate	—	@	1 75
Spinach, per bbl	60	@	1 50
Brussels sprouts, per qt	4	@	10
Green peas, per basket	2 00	@	3 50
Kale, per bbl	75	@	85
Parsley, per crate	—	@	1 00
Cauliflower, per basket	1 50	@	2 00
Cucumbers, per crate	2 00	@	3 00
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents	3 65	@	4 00
Spring patents	4 00	@	4 25
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	85⅞	@	87⅛
No. 2 red	—	@	80⅛
Corn—No. 2	46⅝	@	47½
Oats—No. 2 white	—	@	32½
Track mixed	30	@	31½
Rye—Western	58	@	58½
State	53	@	54
Lard, city	—	@	7.25c.
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	6	@	8½
Calves, city dressed	8½	@	12½
Country dressed	8	@	11
Sheep, per 100 lb	3 00	@	4 55
Lambs, per 100 lb	4 50	@	6 20
Hogs—Live, per 100 lb	5 60	@	5 85
Country dressed	5½	@	8

TOBACCO.

Havana tobacco continues in good demand, the better grades being readily taken. Sumatra tobacco is quiet, but firm. Western tobacco is dull, but prices are well maintained. Domestic cigar leaf is in fair demand.

COTTON FOR PAPER PULP.

A New Industry Soon to Be Established in the South.

Atlanta, Ga.—It is estimated that the cotton crop of the past year exceeds in value that of the preceding by nearly $200,000,000—an increase of about thirty per cent. The crop is more valuable, owing to the advance from six and seven to ten cents a pound, also because the seed, and what was waste heretofore, is being utilized. The seed is more largely used for feeding to hogs and cattle and in the manufacture of oil.

Now it is proposed to manufacture printing paper out of cotton. A large factory will soon be established in this city for that purpose, and if it is successful, the price of printing paper may be greatly decreased; for the supply of cotton will perhaps never be diminished, as in the case of woodpulp.

The forests are being denuded of timber more rapidly than they are recuperated by growth. It is said by those who have made it a study that the fibre of cotton makes a most excellent and durable quality of printing paper, and that it can be made very cheaply, compared to the present process, especially as the raw material can be had in almost unlimited quantities.

German Industries in a Bad Way.

The Berlin correspondent of the London Daily Mail says German trade is drifting from bad to worse. He cites reports from sixteen trade centres of the empire, showing that the labor market is overstocked, and that workingmen are vainly seeking employment. There is no prospect of improvement in the trade of the country.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning Feb. 6, "Marching Orders"—Text, Joshua i, 1-11.

"Arise and go over this Jordan, thou, and all this people."

It was a good land. The spies had searched it all over 40 years among the number, and they alone believed Israel was able to obtain possession of it. These two alone remained alive of all those searchers and men of war. They had not abated their ardor to take it nor their confidence in God's promises of protection and guidance.

Canaan is better than the wilderness. A land of trees and vineyards, of springs and brooks, villages and cities gives greater opportunities and fosters higher development of life than a wandering existence with flocks and herds seeking pasture in the untilled plains. A change in national life is to take place. Wanderers are to become settled and consolidated into a nation. A land and a conscious moral life purpose are essential. No nationality has ever arisen without these. Canaan and the Jehovah—God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob—these are the elements from which Israelism is builded.

We are at the brink of another Jordan. Have we a mission and a message? Does the League, does Methodism, do you, stand for any special issue in this world?

The call has come for service—service of God and of man, or, rather, the service of God through the service to man. Great as have been the changes in conditions of life in America during the last half century, greater changes probably lie ahead. Betterment or detriment—which shall it be? Material conditions are altering rapidly, better for some, worse for others. We are seeking two ends—material wealth and human character. The clew to all success lies in right intention and noble doing. We must have purer men and women, more interested in making others happier, more intelligent and Christlike. More wealth we shall have undoubtedly, but if riches increase and true charity does not keep pace with money we shall become sordid, selfish and luxury loving.

In our gaining let us remember that godliness, which is but another name for manliness and womanliness, is the greatest gain we can get.

What Are You Reading?

Much which is published you cannot afford to read. It costs time and gives no valuable return for the price you pay. Some books are as injurious to the taste, memory, imagination and judgment as opium or alcohol to the stomach. Tainted meats and decayed vegetables are unfit for food; so are tainted literature and all impure reading. Shun it if you would escape moral pollution. Select the best and most helpful. This is not necessarily the dull and heavy. The most fascinating and permanently entertaining will be found to be the pure, clean, healthy, robust books which arouse thought, feeling and activity. These make one resolve to live better and help others more.

Be careful what you read and don't read too much. Take time to think about what you read. Overeating is bad for digestion. Beware of mental dyspepsia. Select good brain food and be sure you take it in such manner as to get nourishment of soul from it. If you don't know how to read so as to get the most profit from it, study awhile how to do it before bad habits become confirmed. In making voters in many states the candidate has to read aloud from the state laws to show that he can read English, but there is no test as to the understanding of what is said. Ask yourself in a deeper sense, "Can you read?"

Our Task.

I am impressed with the magnitude of the task which Divine Providence has put into your hands. To bring into shape a continent like this, to cultivate its surface, to bring up its mineral treasures, to organize its great communities, to found its institutions, to fuse its races, to discipline its manifold and conflicting elements of life—that is about the greatest task which Almighty God ever intrusted to any people.

You are to be congratulated on the magnificent courage with which you have undertaken the task, on the fine energy which you are putting into it and on the wonderful progress which you have made during the time which you have had at your disposal.—Dr Thomas Allen's Address to General Conference.

Harvard's Best Debater.

It is a notable fact that among the thousands of students in Harvard university, drawn from families representing culture and wealth, the best speaker and debater is a colored man. He is Roscoe Conkling Bruce, son of Blanche K. Bruce of Mississippi, for several years registrar of the United States treasury. He entered Harvard in 1898 and soon took high rank, winning the Coolidge debating prize of $100.

This is matter for congratulation of the colored race and also a valuable indication of the freedom of our highest schools from class restrictions and distinctions. Such things tend to keep this the land of the free.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Feb. 3—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

TOPIC.—Christian Endeavor day.—Josh. i, 1-11.

THE PAST.

The twentieth anniversary of Christian Endeavor has come. The movement has successfully passed its childhood and youth and stands today, at the beginning of the twentieth century, upon the threshold of a vigorous and long lived manhood. The predictions of the past have failed in fulfillment. Christian Endeavor has not been a movement of a day. It has not been a bubble of enthusiasm, soon to be pricked and to subside. It has become in 20 years a stable and permanent part of our church life and work. It stands today in multitude like the sands of the sea and the stars of the heavens, in strength a mighty power of God for efficiency in church work and for the moral improvement and elevation of mankind.

THE FUTURE.

But what of the future? The past is sealed; the present is assured—what of the future? We cannot but feel that the future also is safe if we continue to recognize the hand of God in the movement and still "observe to do" that which is well pleasing in the sight of God.

GOD IN CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

To Joshua, as he was about to begin the conquest of the land of Canaan, the Lord said: "I will be with thee. I will not fail thee or forsake thee." God had been with Moses in the past. He now promises to be with Joshua, as he had been with Moses. God has been with and in the Christian Endeavor movement. Its entire history proves that the hand of God has been in it. As He has been in it in the past, so He will be in the future, and on this anniversary day we hear Him say to us: "As I have been with you in the past, so I will be with thee. I will not fail thee nor forsake thee."

STRENGTH.

God's presence in the future as well as in the past should inspire strength. "Be strong." God is with us. Therefore we should be strong—not in our own strength, but in God's strength, strong as Paul was strong when he said, "I can do all things through Christ, who strengtheneth me."

COURAGE.

"Be of good courage." God is with us. Therefore we should be courageous. Courage is necessary to success in moral and spiritual warfare. We fight against no mean adversaries, but against principalities and powers and wickedness in both high and low places. We stand often upon the firing line, and this is no place for the weakling. But, God being with us, we need not be weak. "Our weakness is perfected in His strength."

ASSURANCE.

"There shall not any man be able to stand before thee." "Unto this people shalt thou divide for an inheritance the land." The presence and power of God with Joshua made success assured. It assures us also of victory and success. He who fights on the side of the Lord need have no doubts as to the results. "Whatsoever is born of God overcometh the world."

OBEDIENCE.

"Observe to do according to all the law, which Moses, my servant, commanded thee; turn not from it to the right hand or to the left, that thou mayest prosper whithersoever thou goest." God's presence should inspire obedience, for upon obedience depend stability and success. God leaves the disobedient and casts them aside. He honors and helps those who obey. "Obedience is better than sacrifice." Thankful for the success of the past, let us go forward with strength, courage, assurance and obedience in the future, firmly believing that as God has been with us so he will not fail nor forsake us.

THE PRAYER MEETING.

Use the United Society's special Christian Endeavor day programme or have an address upon the twentieth anniversary of Christian Endeavor.

BIBLE READINGS.

Deut. xxxi, 1-8; Judg. vii, 15-25; Neh. iv, 1-14; Eccl. ix, 10; Zech. iv, 6; Math. xxviii, 20; I Cor. iii, 7-15; xv, 58; Gal. vi, 9; Rev. ii, 10.

Help Me Also.

Forgive us our trespasses as we forgive them that trespass against us. It is not sufficient to banish hatred from our hearts. We must also efface every painful recollection. O my God, what happiness is it if Thou wilt forgive me as I forgive! I have been offended by words; I forget. By actions; I forget it. By omissions; I forget it. By unkind thoughts; I forget. I also have offended Thee in all these ways. O my God, and Thou hast forgiven and forgotten all. Help me also to forgive and forget.—Catholic Universe.

"Forward!" Be Our Watchword.

Forward, flock of Jesus,
Salt of all the earth,
Till each yearning purpose
Spring to glorious birth.
Sick, they ask for healing;
Blind, they grope for day;
Pour upon the nations
Wisdom's loving ray.

One Leader.

The way of life is narrow, because there is only one leader, Christ. But though few walk the way of life they can never be alone in it.—Ram's Horn.

Hugo Mayer's
Golden Eagle Clothing Hall

As advertised in THE ITEM of January 16th, our Semi-Annual Clearance Sale commenced Tuesday, January 15th. This is

A Grand Trading Chance.

Many of the goods advertised we are selling at a loss. Many of the readers of this paper no doubt think it strange that a merchant will sell goods and lose money, but we are compelled to do it. In the first place this has been a very warm winter and we are overstocked with heavy Suits and Overcoats and we must turn them into cash so as to make room for spring stock. Another reason is that we seriously object to carry goods over from one season to another. Some of the good things which we have to offer are mentioned here but there are scores of other bargains equally as good, which for want of space cannot be advertised. We invite you to come during this sale. Come as early as possible, it will pay you and pay you well.

MEN'S SUITS
$4.44
This is for a lot of odds and ends that formerly sold at $6.00, $7.00 and $7.50. We haven't all sizes of every kind but you will find every size of some kinds.

MEN'S SUITS
$5.98
In all-wool Cassimeres and Cheviots. These are great value for the money.

MEN'S SUITS
$8.47
Imported fancy worsted and all-wool black and blue Clay Worsted, also Cheviots. These are elegantly trimmed and tailored and are faultless in fit and finish.

MEN'S OVERCOATS
$4.87
Blue and black Kerseys, also a few light colored Coverts are in this lot. These are elegant bargains and will not last long at the price advertised.

MEN'S OVERCOATS
$6.98
All-wool blue and black Kersey Meltons and different shades in light colored all-wool Coverts. Also the popular gray shades.

Our Men's Overcoats at $8.97, $10.00 and $12.00 cannot be equaled any place for the money. Other stores get from $3.50 to $5.00 more for the same kinds.

MEN'S WOOL GLOVES
Black and Scotch, 25 cents.

BLACK HOSE
Fast color and seamless, 9 cents a pair.

WHITE HANDKERCHIEFS
Also blue and red ones at 4 cents.

MEN'S LEATHER GLOVES
Heavy lined, 23 cents a pair.

MEN'S OR BOYS' HEAVY SWEATERS
(Cotton) 47 cents

MEN'S HEAVY BLUE SHIRTS
46 cents.

Good elastic webb Suspenders, 17 cents.

MEN'S STIFF HATS
Late styles, $1.19. These are the regular $1.50 quality and never sold for less.

MEN'S SOFT HATS
Black and colors, regular $1.50 qualities at $1.19.

WAY'S MUFFLETS
In plain colors, 23 and 47 cents.

MEN'S AND BOYS HEAVY CAPS
to pull over the ears, 21 and 46 cts.

Handsome double-breasted Silk Vests, $1.97.

Odds and ends in heavy fleece-lined Shirts and drawers; regular 50 cent qualities at 39 cents.

Natural Wool Underwear, regular 65 cent quality, 47½ cents.

Children's heavy fleece-lined shirts and drawers, 22½ cents apiece.

YOUTHS' SUITS
$3.97
Sizes 13 to 19 years, black and fancy Cheviots, nicely made and trimmed.

YOUTHS' SUITS
$4.98
Sizes 14 to 19 years, in all wool, black, gray, blue checks or plaid effects. These are very good values.

YOUTHS' SUITS
$6.98
In all the very latest styles and colors, nicely trimmed and made in the best manner possible.

YOUTHS' OVERCOATS
In all the latest styles and colors and a great variety of qualities, starting in price at $3.98 and up to $12.00.

CHILDREN'S SUITS
Vestee suits, ages 3 to 8, at $1.19, $1.37, $1.69 and up to $3.97.

CHILDREN'S SUITS
Ages 8 to 16, made with double breasted coats at 98 cents, $1.23, $1.69, $1.97 and up to $4.37.

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